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# TextWorld Documentation

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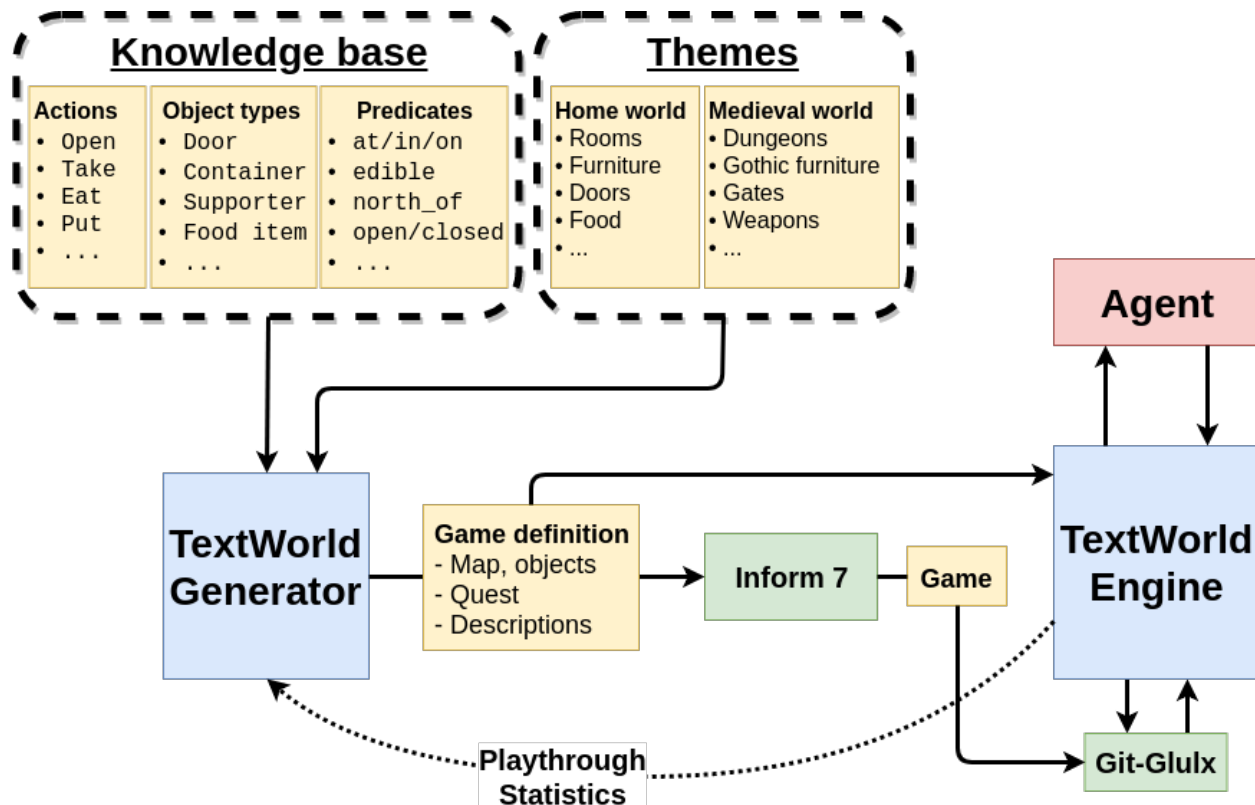


TextWorld is a text-based learning environment for Reinforcement Learning agent.



## WHAT IS TEXTWORLD?

TextWorld is a sandbox learning environment for training and testing reinforcement learning (RL) agents on text-based games. It enables generating games from a game distribution parameterized by the map size, the number of objects, quest length and complexity, richness of text descriptions, and more. Then, one can sample game from that distribution. TextWorld can also be used to play existing text-based games.







## KNOWN ISSUES

### 2.1 Inform 7

Inform 7 command line tools don't support Windows Linux Subsystem (a.k.a Bash on Ubuntu on Windows).



## TW-PLAY

Play a TextWorld game (.z8 or .ulx).

```
usage: tw-play [-h] [--mode MODE] [--max-steps STEPS] [--viewer [PORT]]
               [--hint] [-v] [-vv]
               game
```

### 3.1 Positional Arguments

**game**

### 3.2 Named Arguments

<b>--mode</b>	Possible choices: random, human, random-cmd, walkthrough Select an agent to play the game: ['random', 'human', 'random-cmd', 'walk-through']. Default: "human". Default: "human"
<b>--max-steps</b>	Limit maximum number of steps. Default: 0
<b>--viewer</b>	Start web viewer.
<b>--hint</b>	Display the oracle trajectory leading to winning the game. Default: False
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Verbose mode. Default: False
<b>-vv, --very-verbose</b>	Print debug information. Default: False



## TW-MAKE

```
usage: tw-make [-h] [--third-party PATH]
              {custom,tw-coin_collector,tw-treasure_hunter,tw-simple,tw-cooking}
              ...
```

### 4.1 Named Arguments

**--third-party**      Load an external python file. Useful to register custom challenges on-the-fly.

### 4.2 Types of game to create

**subcommand**      Possible choices: custom, tw-coin\_collector, tw-treasure\_hunter, tw-simple, tw-cooking

### 4.3 Sub-commands:

#### 4.3.1 custom

Make a custom game.

```
tw-make custom [-h] [--world-size SIZE] [--nb-objects NB] [--theme THEME]
               [--include-adj] [--blend-descriptions]
               [--ambiguous-instructions] [--only-last-action]
               [--blend-instructions] [--entity-numbering]
               [--nb-parallel-quests NB_PARALLEL_QUESTS]
               [--quest-length LENGTH] [--quest-breadth BREADTH]
               [--quest-min-length LENGTH] [--quest-max-length LENGTH]
               [--quest-min-breadth BREADTH] [--quest-max-breadth BREADTH]
               [--quest-min-depth DEPTH] [--quest-max-depth DEPTH]
               [--output PATH] [--seed SEED] [--format {ulx,z8}] [--overview]
               [--save-overview] [-f] [--silent | -v]
```

### Custom game settings

- world-size** Nb. of rooms in the world.  
Default: 5
- nb-objects** Minimum nb. of objects in the world.  
Default: 10

### Grammar settings

- theme** Theme to use for generating the text. Default: “house”  
Default: “house”
- include-adj** Turn on adjectives.  
Default: False
- blend-descriptions** Blend descriptions across consecutive sentences.  
Default: False
- ambiguous-instructions** Refer to an object using its type (e.g. red container vs. red chest).  
Default: False
- only-last-action** Instruction only describes the last action of quest.  
Default: False
- blend-instructions** Blend instructions across consecutive actions.  
Default: False
- entity-numbering** Append a number after an entity name if there is not enough variation for it (e.g. ‘red apple 2’).  
Default: False

### Quest settings

- nb-parallel-quests** Nb. of parallel quests the game will have. Default: 1.  
Default: 1
- quest-length** Nb. of actions the quest requires to be completed. It is a shorthand for ‘--quest-min-length N --quest-max-length N --quest-max-depth N’.
- quest-breadth** Nb. of subquests the quests will have. It is a shorthand for ‘--quest-min-breadth N --quest-max-breadth N’.

### Quest settings (advanced)

<b>--quest-min-length</b>	Minimum nb. of actions the quest requires to be completed. This setting is ignored if <code>--quest-length</code> is provided. Default: 1. Default: 1
<b>--quest-max-length</b>	Maximum nb. of actions the quest requires to be completed. This setting is ignored if <code>--quest-length</code> is provided. Default: 5. Default: 5
<b>--quest-min-breadth</b>	Minimum nb. of subquests the quests can have. This setting is ignored if <code>--quest-breadth</code> is provided. Default: 1. Default: 1
<b>--quest-max-breadth</b>	Maximum nb. of subquests the quests can have. This setting is ignored if <code>--quest-breadth</code> is provided. Default: 5. Default: 5
<b>--quest-min-depth</b>	Minimum nb. of actions the subquests can have. Default: 1. Default: 1
<b>--quest-max-depth</b>	Maximum nb. of actions the subquests can have. This setting is ignored if <code>--quest-length</code> is provided. Default: 5. Default: 5

### General settings

<b>--output</b>	Path where to save the generated game. If it points to a folder, the game's UUID will be used as the filename. Default: <code>"/tw_games/"</code>
<b>--seed</b>	
<b>--format</b>	Possible choices: <code>ulx</code> , <code>z8</code> Which format to use when compiling the game. Default: <code>"z8"</code> Default: <code>"z8"</code>
<b>--overview</b>	Display an overview of the generated game. Default: <code>False</code>
<b>--save-overview</b>	Save the overview image of the generated game alongside the game as a PNG file. Default: <code>False</code>
<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: <code>False</code>
<b>--silent</b>	Default: <code>False</code>
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: <code>False</code>

### 4.3.2 tw-coin\_collector

Generate a Coin Collector game

```
tw-make tw-coin_collector [-h] --level LEVEL [--output PATH] [--seed SEED]
                           [--format {ulx,z8}] [--overview] [--save-overview]
                           [-f] [--silent | -v]
```

#### Coin Collector game settings

**--level**                      The difficulty level. Must be between 1 and 300 (included).

#### General settings

**--output**                    Path where to save the generated game. If it points to a folder, the game's UUID will be used as the filename.  
Default: `"/tw_games/"`

**--seed**

**--format**                    Possible choices: `ulx`, `z8`  
Which format to use when compiling the game. Default: `"z8"`  
Default: `"z8"`

**--overview**                 Display an overview of the generated game.  
Default: `False`

**--save-overview**            Save the overview image of the generated game alongside the game as a PNG file.  
Default: `False`

**-f, --force**                 Default: `False`

**--silent**                    Default: `False`

**-v, --verbose**               Default: `False`

### 4.3.3 tw-treasure\_hunter

Generate a Treasure Hunter game

```
tw-make tw-treasure_hunter [-h] --level LEVEL [--output PATH] [--seed SEED]
                             [--format {ulx,z8}] [--overview] [--save-overview]
                             [-f] [--silent | -v]
```



### Treasure Hunter game settings

**--level** The difficulty level. Must be between 1 and 30 (included).

### General settings

**--output** Path where to save the generated game. If it points to a folder, the game's UUID will be used as the filename.

Default: `"/tw_games/"`

**--seed**

**--format** Possible choices: `ulx`, `z8`

Which format to use when compiling the game. Default: `"z8"`

Default: `"z8"`

**--overview** Display an overview of the generated game.

Default: `False`

**--save-overview** Save the overview image of the generated game alongside the game as a PNG file.

Default: `False`

**-f, --force** Default: `False`

**--silent** Default: `False`

**-v, --verbose** Default: `False`

### 4.3.4 tw-simple

Generate simple challenge game

```
tw-make tw-simple [-h] --rewards {dense,balanced,sparse} --goal
                    {detailed,brief,none} [--test] [--output PATH] [--seed SEED]
                    [--format {ulx,z8}] [--overview] [--save-overview] [-f]
                    [--silent | -v]
```

### Simple game settings

**--rewards** Possible choices: `dense`, `balanced`, `sparse`

The reward frequency: `dense`, `balanced`, or `sparse`.

**--goal** Possible choices: `detailed`, `brief`, `none`

The description of the game's objective shown at the beginning of the game: `de-tailed`, `bried`, or `none`

**--test** Whether this game should be drawn from the test distributions of games.

Default: `False`

## General settings

<b>--output</b>	Path where to save the generated game. If it points to a folder, the game's UUID will be used as the filename. Default: <code>“./tw_games/”</code>
<b>--seed</b>	
<b>--format</b>	Possible choices: <code>ulx, z8</code> Which format to use when compiling the game. Default: <code>“z8”</code> Default: <code>“z8”</code>
<b>--overview</b>	Display an overview of the generated game. Default: <code>False</code>
<b>--save-overview</b>	Save the overview image of the generated game alongside the game as a PNG file. Default: <code>False</code>
<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: <code>False</code>
<b>--silent</b>	Default: <code>False</code>
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: <code>False</code>

### 4.3.5 tw-cooking

Generate cooking games similar to those used for the First TextWorld Problem (FTWP) competition (<https://aka.ms/ftwp>).

```
tw-make tw-cooking [-h] [--recipe INT] [--take INT] [--go {1,6,9,12}] [--open]
                    [--cook] [--cut] [--drop] [--recipe-seed INT]
                    [--split {train,valid,test}] [--output PATH] [--seed SEED]
                    [--format {ulx,z8}] [--overview] [--save-overview] [-f]
                    [--silent | -v]
```

## The Cooking Game settings

<b>--recipe</b>	Number of ingredients in the recipe. Default: 1 Default: 1
<b>--take</b>	Number of ingredients to find. It must be less or equal to the value of <code>--recipe</code> . Default: 0 Default: 0
<b>--go</b>	Possible choices: 1, 6, 9, 12 Number of locations in the game (1, 6, 9, or 12). Default: 1 Default: 1
<b>--open</b>	Whether containers/doors need to be opened. Default: <code>False</code>

<b>--cook</b>	Whether some ingredients need to be cooked. Default: False
<b>--cut</b>	Whether some ingredients need to be cut. Default: False
<b>--drop</b>	Whether the player's inventory has limited capacity. Default: False
<b>--recipe-seed</b>	Random seed used for generating the recipe. Default: 0 Default: 0
<b>--split</b>	Possible choices: train, valid, test  Specify the game distribution to use. Food items (adj-noun pairs) are split in three subsets. Also, the way the training food items can be prepared is further divided in three subsets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• train: training food and their corresponding training preparations</li><li>• valid: valid food + training food but with unseen valid preparations</li><li>• test: test food + training food but with unseen test preparations</li></ul> Default: game is drawn from the joint distribution over train, valid, and test.

### General settings

<b>--output</b>	Path where to save the generated game. If it points to a folder, the game's UUID will be used as the filename. Default: <code>"/tw_games/"</code>
<b>--seed</b>	
<b>--format</b>	Possible choices: ulx, z8 Which format to use when compiling the game. Default: <code>"z8"</code> Default: <code>"z8"</code>
<b>--overview</b>	Display an overview of the generated game. Default: False
<b>--save-overview</b>	Save the overview image of the generated game alongside the game as a PNG file. Default: False
<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: False
<b>--silent</b>	Default: False
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: False



**TW-VIEW**

Display the graph representation of a game's initial state.

```
usage: tw-view [-h] [-v] game
```

## 5.1 Positional Arguments

<b>game</b>	JSON file containing infos about the game.
-------------	--

## 5.2 Named Arguments

<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Verbose mode. Default: False
----------------------	---------------------------------



## TW-EXTRACT

Extract information from of a list of TextWorld games.

```
usage: tw-extract [-h] [-f] [--merge] [-q | -v]
                  {vocab,entities,walkthroughs,commands} ...
```

### 6.1 Positional Arguments

<b>subcommand</b>	Possible choices: vocab, entities, walkthroughs, commands Type of information to extract.
-------------------	--

### 6.2 Named Arguments

<b>-q, --quiet</b>	Default: False
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: False

### 6.3 General settings

<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: False
<b>--merge</b>	Merge extracted information to existing output file. Default: False

### 6.4 Sub-commands:

#### 6.4.1 vocab

Extract vocabulary.

```
tw-extract vocab [-h] [-f] [--merge] [-q | -v] [--output OUTPUT]
                [--theme THEME]
                [game [game ...]]
```

### Positional Arguments

<b>game</b>	List of TextWorld games (.ulx .z8 .json).
-------------	---

### Named Arguments

<b>-q, --quiet</b>	Default: False
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: False
<b>--output</b>	Output file containing all words (.txt). Default: “vocab.txt” Default: “vocab.txt”
<b>--theme</b>	Provide a text grammar theme from which to extract words.

### General settings

<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: False
<b>--merge</b>	Merge extracted information to existing output file. Default: False

## 6.4.2 entities

Extract entity names.

```
tw-extract entities [-h] [-f] [--merge] [-q | -v] [--output OUTPUT]
                    game [game ...]
```

### Positional Arguments

<b>game</b>	List of TextWorld games (.ulx .z8 .json).
-------------	---

### Named Arguments

<b>-q, --quiet</b>	Default: False
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: False
<b>--output</b>	Output file containing all entity names (.txt). Default: “entities.txt” Default: “entities.txt”



### General settings

<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: False
<b>--merge</b>	Merge extracted information to existing output file. Default: False

### 6.4.3 walkthroughs

Extract walkthroughs.

```
tw-extract walkthroughs [-h] [-f] [--merge] [-q | -v] [--output OUTPUT]
                        game [game ...]
```

### Positional Arguments

<b>game</b>	List of TextWorld games (.ulx .json).
-------------	---------------------------------------

### Named Arguments

<b>-q, --quiet</b>	Default: False
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: False
<b>--output</b>	Output file containing all walkthroughs (.txt). Default: “walkthroughs.txt” Default: “walkthroughs.txt”

### General settings

<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: False
<b>--merge</b>	Merge extracted information to existing output file. Default: False

### 6.4.4 commands

Extract all possible commands.

```
tw-extract commands [-h] [-f] [--merge] [-q | -v] [--output OUTPUT]
                    game [game ...]
```

### Positional Arguments

<b>game</b>	List of TextWorld games (.ulx .json).
-------------	---------------------------------------

### Named Arguments

<b>-q, --quiet</b>	Default: False
<b>-v, --verbose</b>	Default: False
<b>--output</b>	Output file containing all commands (.txt). Default: “commands.txt” Default: “commands.txt”

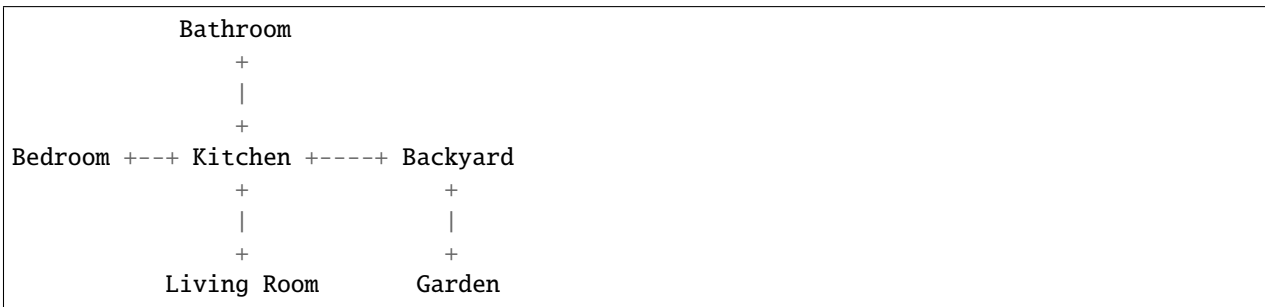
### General settings

<b>-f, --force</b>	Default: False
<b>--merge</b>	Merge extracted information to existing output file. Default: False

## A SIMPLE GAME

This simple game takes place in a typical house and consists in finding the right food item and cooking it.

Here's the map of the house.



### 7.1 Usage

```
usage: tw-make tw-simple [-h] --rewards {dense,balanced,sparse} --goal
                        {detailed,brief,none} [--test]
```

#### 7.1.1 Simple game settings

<b>--rewards</b>	Possible choices: dense, balanced, sparse The reward frequency: dense, balanced, or sparse.
<b>--goal</b>	Possible choices: detailed, brief, none The description of the game's objective shown at the beginning of the game: detailed, brief, or none
<b>--test</b>	Whether this game should be drawn from the test distributions of games. Default: False



## COIN COLLECTOR

In this type of game, the world consists in a chain of `quest_length` rooms with potentially distractors rooms (i.e. leading to a dead end). The agent starts on one end and has to collect a “coin” object which is placed at the other end. There are no other objects present in the world other than the coin to collect.

### 8.1 Usage

```
usage: tw-make tw-coin_collector [-h] --level LEVEL
```

#### 8.1.1 Coin Collector game settings

**--level**                      The difficulty level. Must be between 1 and 300 (included).



## THE COOKING GAME

This type of game was used for the competition *First TextWorld Problems*<sup>1</sup>. The overall objective of the game is to locate the kitchen, read the cookbook, fetch the recipe's ingredients, process them accordingly, prepare the meal, and eat it. To control the game's difficulty, one can specify the amount of skills that are involved to solve it (see skills section below).

### References

## 9.1 Usage

```
usage: tw-make tw-cooking [-h] [--recipe INT] [--take INT] [--go {1,6,9,12}]
                           [--open] [--cook] [--cut] [--drop]
                           [--recipe-seed INT] [--split {train,valid,test}]
```

### 9.1.1 The Cooking Game settings

<b>--recipe</b>	Number of ingredients in the recipe. Default: 1 Default: 1
<b>--take</b>	Number of ingredients to find. It must be less or equal to the value of --recipe. Default: 0 Default: 0
<b>--go</b>	Possible choices: 1, 6, 9, 12 Number of locations in the game (1, 6, 9, or 12). Default: 1 Default: 1
<b>--open</b>	Whether containers/doors need to be opened. Default: False
<b>--cook</b>	Whether some ingredients need to be cooked. Default: False
<b>--cut</b>	Whether some ingredients need to be cut. Default: False

<sup>1</sup> <https://aka.ms/ftwp>

<b>--drop</b>	Whether the player's inventory has limited capacity. Default: False
<b>--recipe-seed</b>	Random seed used for generating the recipe. Default: 0 Default: 0
<b>--split</b>	Possible choices: train, valid, test Specify the game distribution to use. Food items (adj-noun pairs) are split in three subsets. Also, the way the training food items can be prepared is further divided in three subsets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• train: training food and their corresponding training preparations</li><li>• valid: valid food + training food but with unseen valid preparations</li><li>• test: test food + training food but with unseen test preparations</li></ul> Default: game is drawn from the joint distribution over train, valid, and test.



## TREASURE HUNTER

In this type of game, the agent spawns in a randomly generated maze and must find a specific object which is mentioned in the objective displayed when game starts. This is a text version of the task proposed in [[Parisotto2017](#)].

### References

## 10.1 Usage

```
usage: tw-make tw-treasure_hunter [-h] --level LEVEL
```

### 10.1.1 Treasure Hunter game settings

<b>--level</b>	The difficulty level. Must be between 1 and 30 (included).
----------------	--



## TEXTWORLD

### 11.1 Core

**exception** `textworld.core.EnvInfoMissingError(requester, info)`  
Bases: `NameError`

Thrown whenever some environment information `EnvInfos`.

**exception** `textworld.core.GameNotRunningError(msg="")`  
Bases: `RuntimeError`

Error when game is not running (either has terminated or crashed).

**class** `textworld.core.Agent`  
Bases: `object`

Interface for any agent that want to play a text-based game.

**act**(*game\_state*, *reward*, *done*)  
Acts upon the current game state.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** (*GameState*) – Current game state.
- **reward** (`float`) – Accumulated reward up until now.
- **done** (`bool`) – Whether the game is finished.

**Return type** `str`

**Returns** Text command to be performed in this current state.

**finish**(*game\_state*, *reward*, *done*)  
Let the agent know the game has finished.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** (*GameState*) – Game state at the moment the game finished.
- **reward** (`float`) – Accumulated reward up until now.
- **done** (`bool`) – Whether the game has finished normally or not. If `False`, it means the agent's used up all of its actions.

**Return type** `None`

**reset**(*env*)  
Let the agent set some environment's flags.

**Parameters** **env** (*Environment*) – TextWorld environment.

**Return type** None

**property wrappers**

**class** textworld.core.**EnvInfos**(\*\*kwargs)

Bases: object

Customizing what information will be returned by an environment.

Information can be requested by setting one or more attributes to True. The attribute `extras` should be a list of strings corresponding to keys in the metadata dictionary of TextWorld generated games.

**copy**()

**admissible\_commands**

All commands relevant to the current state. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**property basics:** `Iterable[str]`

Information requested excluding the extras.

**Return type** `Iterable[str]`

**command\_templates**

Templates for commands understood by the the game. This information *doesn't* change from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**description**

Text description of the current room, i.e. output of the `look` command. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**entities**

Names of all entities in the game. This information *doesn't* change from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**extras**

Names of extra information which are game specific.

**Type** `List[str]`

**facts**

All the facts that are currently true about the world. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**fail\_facts**

Mutually exclusive sets of failing facts for each quest. This information *doesn't* change from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**feedback**

Text observation produced by the game in response to previous command. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**game**

Current game in its serialized form. Use with `textworld.Game.deserialize`.

**Type** bool

**intermediate\_reward**

Reward (proxy) indicating if the player is making progress. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**inventory**

Text listing of the player's inventory, i.e. output of the *inventory* command. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**last\_action**

The last action performed where *None* means it was not a valid action. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**last\_command**

The last command performed where *None* means it was not a valid command. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**location**

Name of the player's current location. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**lost**

Whether the player lost the game. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**max\_score**

Maximum reachable score of the game. This information *doesn't* change from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**moves**

Number of moves done so far in the game. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**objective**

Objective of the game described in text. This information *doesn't* change from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**policy\_commands**

Sequence of commands leading to a winning state. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**score**

Current score of the game. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**verbs**

Verbs understood by the the game. This information *doesn't* change from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**win\_facts**

Mutually exclusive sets of winning facts for each quest. This information *doesn't* change from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**won**

Whether the player won the game. This information changes from one step to another.

**Type** bool

**class** textworld.core.**Environment**(infos=None)

Bases: object

Class allowing to interact with the game's interpreter.

The role of an *Environment* is to handle the communication between user code and the backend interpreter that manages the text-based game. The overall *Environment* structure is highly inspired by OpenAI's gym.

## Example

Here's a minimal example of how to interact with an *Environment*

```
>>> import textworld
>>> options = textworld.GameOptions()
>>> options.seeds = 1234
>>> options.nb_objects = 5
>>> options.quest_length = 2
>>> game_file, _ = textworld.make(options, path='.') # Generate a random game.
>>> env = textworld.start(game_file) # Load the game.
>>> game_state = env.reset() # Start a new game.
>>> env.render()
```

I hope you're ready to go into rooms and interact with objects, because you've just entered TextWorld! Here is how to play! First thing I need you to do is to ensure that the type G chest is open. And then, pick up the keycard from the type G chest inside the attic. Got that? Good!

-- Attic --

You arrive in an attic. A normal kind of place. You begin to take stock of what's in the room.

You make out a type G chest. You can see a TextWorld style locker. The TextWorld style locker contains a frisbee and a sock.

There is a TextWorld style key on the floor.

```
>>> command = "take key" # Command to send to the game.
>>> game_state, reward, done = env.step(command)
>>> env.render()
(the TextWorld style key)
You pick up the TextWorld style key from the ground.
```

**Parameters** **infos** (Optional[*EnvInfos*]) – Information to be included in the game state. By default, only the game's narrative is included.

**close()**

Ends the game.

**Return type** `None`**copy()**

Return a copy of this environment at the same state.

**Return type** `Environment`**Returns** A copy of this environment at the same state.**load(path)**

Loads a new text-based game.

**Parameters** **path** (`str`) – Path to the game file to load.**Return type** `None`**render(mode='human')**

Renders the current state of the game.

**Parameters** **mode** (`str`) – The mode to use for rendering.**Return type** `Optional[str]`**reset()**

Starts game from the beginning.

**Return type** `GameState`**Returns** Initial state of the game.**seed(seed=None)**

Sets the seed for the random number generator.

**Return type** `None`**step(command)**

Performs a given command.

**Parameters** **command** (`str`) – Text command to send to the interpreter.**Return type** `Tuple[GameState, float, bool]`**Returns** A tuple containing the new game state, a reward for performing that command and reaching this new state, and whether the game is finished or not.**property display\_command\_during\_render: bool**

Enables/disables displaying the command when rendering.

**Return type** `bool`**class** `textworld.core.GameState`Bases: `dict`**copy()**

Returns a deepcopy of this game state.

**Return type** `GameState`**class** `textworld.core.Wrapper(env=None)`Bases: `object`

Special environment that wraps others to provide new functionalities.

Special environment that wraps other *Environment* objects to provide new functionalities (e.g. transcript recording, viewer, etc).

**Parameters** `env` (Optional[*Environment*]) – environment to wrap.

**close()**

**Return type** `None`

**copy()**

**Return type** *Wrapper*

**load(*path*)**

**Return type** `None`

**render(*mode*='human')**

**Return type** Optional[`Any`]

**reset()**

**Return type** *GameState*

**seed(*seed*=None)**

**Return type** List[int]

**step(*command*)**

**Return type** Tuple[*GameState*, float, bool]

**property** `display_command_during_render: bool`

**Return type** `bool`

**property** `unwrapped`



## TEXTWORLD.GYM

```
textworld.gym.utils.register_game(gamefile, request_infos=None, batch_size=None, auto_reset=False,
                                  max_episode_steps=50, asynchronous=True, action_space=None,
                                  observation_space=None, name="", **kwargs)
```

Make an environment for a particular game.

### Parameters

- **gamefile** (str) – Path for the TextWorld game (\*.ulx|\*.z[1-8]).
- **request\_infos** (Optional[EnvInfos]) – For customizing the information returned by this environment (see `textworld.EnvInfos` for the list of available information).

**Warning:** Only supported for TextWorld games (i.e., with a corresponding \*.json file).

- **batch\_size** (Optional[int]) – If provided, it indicates the number of games to play at the same time. By default, a single game is played at once.

**Warning:** When `batch_size` is provided (even for `batch_size=1`), `env.step` expects a list of commands as input and outputs a list of states. `env.reset` also outputs a list of states.

- **auto\_reset** (bool) – If True, each game *independently* resets once it is done (i.e., reset happens on the next `env.step` call). Otherwise, once a game is done, subsequent calls to `env.step` won't have any effects.
- **max\_episode\_steps** (int) – Number of steps allocated to play each game. Once exhausted, the game is done.
- **asynchronous** (bool) – If True, games in the batch are played in parallel. Only when batch size is greater than one.
- **action\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The action space be used with OpenAI baselines. (see `textworld.gym.spaces.Word`).
- **observation\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The observation space be used with OpenAI baselines (see `textworld.gym.spaces.Word`).
- **name** (str) – Name for the new environment, i.e. "tw-{name}-v0". By default, the returned `env_id` is "tw-v0".

**Return type** str

**Returns** The corresponding gym-compatible `env_id` to use.

### Example

```
>>> from textworld.generator import make_game, compile_game
>>> options = textworld.GameOptions()
>>> options.seeds = 1234
>>> game = make_game(options)
>>> game.extras["more"] = "This is extra information."
>>> gamefile = compile_game(game)

>>> import gym
>>> import textworld.gym
>>> from textworld import EnvInfos
>>> request_infos = EnvInfos(description=True, inventory=True, extras=["more"])
>>> env_id = textworld.gym.register_game(gamefile, request_infos)
>>> env = gym.make(env_id)
>>> ob, infos = env.reset()
>>> print(infos["extra.more"])
This is extra information.
```

`textworld.gym.utils.register_games(gamefiles, request_infos=None, batch_size=None, auto_reset=False, max_episode_steps=50, asynchronous=True, action_space=None, observation_space=None, name='', **kwargs)`

Make an environment that will cycle through a list of games.

### Parameters

- **gamefiles** (List[str]) – Paths for the TextWorld games (`*.ulx|*.z[1-8]`).
- **request\_infos** (Optional[EnvInfos]) – For customizing the information returned by this environment (see `textworld.EnvInfos` for the list of available information).

**Warning:** Only supported for TextWorld games (i.e., with a corresponding `*.json` file).

- **batch\_size** (Optional[int]) – If provided, it indicates the number of games to play at the same time. By default, a single game is played at once.

**Warning:** When `batch_size` is provided (even for `batch_size=1`), `env.step` expects a list of commands as input and outputs a list of states. `env.reset` also outputs a list of states.

- **auto\_reset** (bool) – If `True`, each game *independently* resets once it is done (i.e., reset happens on the next `env.step` call). Otherwise, once a game is done, subsequent calls to `env.step` won't have any effects.
- **max\_episode\_steps** (int) – Number of steps allocated to play each game. Once exhausted, the game is done.
- **asynchronous** (bool) – If `True`, games in the batch are played in parallel. Only when batch size is greater than one.

- **action\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The action space be used with OpenAI baselines. (see [textworld.gym.spaces.Word](#)).
- **observation\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The observation space be used with OpenAI baselines (see [textworld.gym.spaces.Word](#)).
- **name** (str) – Name for the new environment, i.e. “tw-{name}-v0”. By default, the returned `env_id` is “tw-v0”.

**Return type** str

**Returns** The corresponding gym-compatible `env_id` to use.

### Example

```
>>> from textworld.generator import make_game, compile_game
>>> options = textworld.GameOptions()
>>> options.seeds = 1234
>>> game = make_game(options)
>>> game.extras["more"] = "This is extra information."
>>> gamefile = compile_game(game)

>>> import gym
>>> import textworld.gym
>>> from textworld import EnvInfos
>>> request_infos = EnvInfos(description=True, inventory=True, extras=["more"])
>>> env_id = textworld.gym.register_games([gamefile], request_infos)
>>> env = gym.make(env_id)
>>> ob, infos = env.reset()
>>> print(infos["extra.more"])
This is extra information.
```

## 12.1 Agent

**class** textworld.gym.core.**Agent**

Bases: object

Interface for any agent playing TextWorld games.

**act**(*obs*, *score*, *done*, *infos*)

Acts upon the current list of observations.

One text command must be returned for each observation.

#### Parameters

- **obs** (str) – Previous command’s feedback (game’s narrative).
- **score** (int) – The score obtained so far.
- **done** (bool) – Whether the game is finished.
- **infos** (Mapping[str, Any]) – Additional information requested.

**Return type** str

**Returns** Text command to be performed. If episode has ended (i.e. `done` is `True`), the returned value is expected to be ignored.

**property infos\_to\_request:** [`textworld.core.EnvInfos`](#)

Returns what additional information should be made available at each game step.

Requested information will be included within the `infos` dictionary passed to [`Agent.act\(\)`](#). To request specific information, create a `textworld.EnvInfos` and set its attributes to `True` accordingly.

In addition to the standard information, certain games may have specific information that can be requested via the `extras` attribute. Refer to the documentation specific to the game to know more (see `textworld.challenges`).

### Example

Here is an example of how to request information and retrieve it.

```
>>> from textworld import EnvInfos
>>> request_infos = EnvInfos(description=True, inventory=True)
...
>>> env = gym.make(env_id)
>>> ob, infos = env.reset()
>>> print(infos["description"])
>>> print(infos["inventory"])
```

Return type [`EnvInfos`](#)

## 12.2 Envs

**class** `textworld.gym.envs.textworld.TextworldGymEnv`(*gamefiles*, *request\_infos=None*,  
*max\_episode\_steps=None*, *action\_space=None*,  
*observation\_space=None*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: [`textworld.gym.envs.textworld\_batch.TextworldBatchGymEnv`](#)

Environment for playing text-based games.

#### Parameters

- **gamefiles** (List[str]) – Paths of every game composing the pool (`*.ulx|*.z[1-8]`).
- **request\_infos** (Optional[[`EnvInfos`](#)]) – For customizing the information returned by this environment (see `textworld.EnvInfos` for the list of available information).

**Warning:** Only supported for TextWorld games (i.e., that have a corresponding `*.json` file).

- **max\_episode\_steps** (Optional[int]) – Number of steps allocated to play each game. Once exhausted, the game is done.
- **action\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The action space be used with OpenAI baselines. (see [`textworld.gym.spaces.Word`](#)).
- **observation\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The observation space be used with OpenAI baselines (see [`textworld.gym.spaces.Word`](#)).

**reset()**

Resets the text-based environment.

Resetting this environment means starting the next game in the pool.

**Return type** `Tuple[str, Dict[str, Any]]`

#### Returns

A tuple (observation, info) where

- observation: text observed in the initial state;
- infos: additional information as requested.

**step**(*command*)

Runs a command in the text-based environment.

**Parameters** **command** – Text command to send to the game interpreter.

**Return type** `Tuple[str, Dict[str, Any]]`

#### Returns

A tuple (observation, score, done, info) where

- observation: text observed in the new state;
- score: total number of points accumulated so far;
- done: whether the game is finished or not;
- infos: additional information as requested.

**metadata** = {'render.modes': ['human', 'ansi', 'text']}

```
class textworld.gym.envs.textworld_batch.TextworldBatchGymEnv(gamefiles, request_infos=None,
                                                             batch_size=1, asynchronous=True,
                                                             auto_reset=False,
                                                             max_episode_steps=None,
                                                             action_space=None,
                                                             observation_space=None)
```

Bases: `gym.core.Env`

Environment for playing text-based games in batch.

#### Parameters

- **gamefiles** (`List[str]`) – Paths of every game composing the pool (`*.ulx|*.z[1-8]|*.json`).
- **request\_infos** (`Optional[EnvInfos]`) – For customizing the information returned by this environment (see `textworld.EnvInfos` for the list of available information).

**Warning:** Only supported for TextWorld games (i.e., that have a corresponding `*.json` file).

- **batch\_size** (`int`) – If provided, it indicates the number of games to play at the same time. By default, a single game is played at once.

**Warning:** When `batch_size` is provided (even for `batch_size=1`), `env.step` expects a list of commands as input and outputs a list of states. `env.reset` also outputs a list of states.

- **asynchronous** (bool) – If True, wraps the environments in an AsyncBatchEnv (which uses multiprocessing to run the environments in parallel). If False, wraps the environments in a SyncBatchEnv. Default: True.
- **auto\_reset** (bool) – If True, each game *independently* resets once it is done (i.e., reset happens on the next `env.step` call). Otherwise, once a game is done, subsequent calls to `env.step` won't have any effects.
- **max\_episode\_steps** (Optional[int]) – Number of steps allocated to play each game. Once exhausted, the game is done.
- **action\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The action space be used with OpenAI baselines. (see [textworld.gym.spaces.Word](#)).
- **observation\_space** (Optional[Space]) – The observation space be used with OpenAI baselines (see [textworld.gym.spaces.Word](#)).

**close()**

Close this environment.

**Return type** None

**render(mode='human')**

Renders the current state of each environment in the batch.

Each rendering is composed of the previous text command (if there's one) and the text describing the current observation.

**Parameters** **mode** (str) – Controls where and how the text is rendered. Supported modes are:

- human: Display text to the current display or terminal and return nothing.
- ansi: Return a StringIO containing a terminal-style text representation. The text can include newlines and ANSI escape sequences (e.g. for colors).
- text: Return a string (str) containing the text without any ANSI escape sequences.

**Return type** Union[StringIO, str, None]

**Returns** Depending on the mode, this method returns either nothing, a string, or a StringIO object.

**reset()**

Resets the text-based environment.

Resetting this environment means starting the next game in the pool.

**Return type** Tuple[List[str], Dict[str, List[Any]]]

**Returns**

A tuple (observations, infos) where

- observation: text observed in the initial state for each game in the batch;
- infos: additional information as requested for each game in the batch.

**seed(seed=None)**

Set the seed for this environment's random generator(s).

This environment use a random generator to shuffle the order in which the games are played.

**Parameters** **seed** (Optional[int]) – Number that will be used to seed the random generators.

**Return type** List[int]

**Returns** All the seeds used to set this environment's random generator(s).

**skip**(*nb\_games=1*)

Skip games.

**Parameters** **nb\_games** (int) – Number of games to skip.

**Return type** None

**step**(*commands*)

Runs a command in each text-based environment of the batch.

**Parameters** **commands** – Text command to send to the game interpreter.

**Return type** Tuple[List[str], List[float], List[bool], Dict[str, List[Any]]]

**Returns**

A tuple (observations, scores, dones, infos) where

- observations: text observed in the new state for each game in the batch;
- scores: total number of points accumulated so far for each game in the batch;
- dones: whether each game in the batch is finished or not;
- infos: additional information as requested for each game in the batch.

**metadata** = {'render.modes': ['human', 'ansi', 'text']}

`textworld.gym.envs.utils.shuffled_cycle(iterable, rng, nb_loops=-1)`

Yield each element of *iterable* one by one, then shuffle the elements and start yielding from the start. Stop after *nb\_loops* loops.

**Parameters**

- **iterable** (Iterable[Any]) – Iterable containing the elements to yield.
- **rng** (RandomState) – Random generator used to shuffle the elements after each loop.
- **nb\_loops** (int) – Number of times to go through all the elements. If set to -1, loop an infinite number of times.

**Return type** Iterable[Any]

## 12.3 Spaces

**exception** `textworld.gym.spaces.text_spaces.VocabularyHasDuplicateTokens`

Bases: `ValueError`

**class** `textworld.gym.spaces.text_spaces.Char(max_length, vocab=None, extra_vocab=[])`

Bases: `gym.spaces.multi_discrete.MultiDiscrete`

Character observation/action space

This space consists of a series of `gym.spaces.Discrete` objects all with the same parameters. Each `gym.spaces.Discrete` can take integer values between 0 and `len(self.vocab)`.

## Notes

The following special token will be prepended (if needed) to the vocabulary:

- ‘#’ : Padding token

### Parameters

- **max\_length** (*int*) – Maximum number of characters in a text.
- **vocab** (*list of char, optional*) – Vocabulary defining this space. It shouldn’t contain any duplicate characters. If not provided, the vocabulary will consists in characters [a-z0-9], punctuations [” “, “-”, “”] and padding ‘#’.
- **extra\_vocab** (*list of char, optional*) – Additional tokens to add to the vocabulary.

### **filter\_unknown**(*text*)

Strip out all characters not in the vocabulary.

### **tokenize**(*text, padding=False*)

Tokenize characters found in the vocabulary.

Note: text will be padded up to `self.max_length`.

**class** textworld.gym.spaces.text\_spaces.**Word**(*max\_length, vocab*)

Bases: gym.spaces.multi\_discrete.MultiDiscrete

Word observation/action space

This space consists of a series of `gym.spaces.Discrete` objects all with the same parameters. Each `gym.spaces.Discrete` can take integer values between 0 and `len(self.vocab)`.

## Notes

The following special tokens will be prepended (if needed) to the vocabulary:

- ‘<PAD>’ : Padding
- ‘<UNK>’ : Unknown word
- ‘<S>’ : Beginning of sentence
- ‘</S>’ : End of sentence

## Example

Let’s create an action space that can be used with `textworld.gym.register_game`. We are going to assume actions are short phrases up to 8 words long.

```
>>> import textworld
>>> gamefiles = ["/path/to/game.ulx", "/path/to/another/game.z8"]
>>> vocab = textworld.vocab.extract_from(gamefiles)
>>> vocab = sorted(vocab) # Sorting the vocabulary, optional.
>>> action_space = textworld.gym.text_spaces.Word(max_length=8, vocab=vocab)
```

### Parameters

- **max\_length** (*int*) – Maximum number of words in a text.



- **vocab** (*list of strings*) – Vocabulary defining this space. It shouldn't contain any duplicate words.

**tokenize** (*text, padding=False*)

Tokenize words found in the vocabulary.

Note: text will be padded up to `self.max_length`.



## TEXTWORLD.ENVS

### 13.1 TextWorld

**class** `textworld.envs.tw.TextWorldEnv`(*infos=None*)

Bases: `textworld.core.Environment`

Environment for playing games by TextWorld.

**Parameters** **infos** (Optional[`EnvInfos`]) – Information to be included in the game state. By default, only the game’s narrative is included.

**copy()**

Return a copy of this environment.

It is safe to call `step` and `reset` on the copied environment.

<b>Warning:</b> The Game and Inform7Game private objects are <i>soft</i> copies.
--

**Return type** `TextWorldEnv`

**load**(*path*)

Loads a new text-based game.

**Parameters** **path** (str) – Path to the game file to load.

**Return type** None

**reset()**

Starts game from the beginning.

**Returns** Initial state of the game.

**step**(*command*)

Performs a given command.

**Parameters** **command** (str) – Text command to send to the interpreter.

**Returns** A tuple containing the new game state, a reward for performing that command and reaching this new state, and whether the game is finished or not.

## 13.2 Glulx

**class** `textworld.envs.glulx.git_glulx.GitGlulxEnv(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `textworld.core.Environment`

Environment to support playing Glulx games.

This environment supports playing text-based games that were compiled for the [Glulx virtual machine](#). The main advantage of using Glulx over Z-Machine is it uses 32-bit data and addresses, so it can handle game files up to four gigabytes long. This comes handy when we want to generate large world with a lot of objects in it.

We use a customized version of [git-glulx](#) as the glulx interpreter. That way we don't rely on stdin/stdout to communicate with the interpreter but instead use UNIX sockets.

**Parameters** **infos** – Information to be included in the game state. By default, only the game's narrative is included.

**close()**

Ends the game.

**Return type** `None`

**load(*ulx\_file*)**

Loads a new text-based game.

**Parameters** **path** – Path to the game file to load.

**Return type** `None`

**render(*mode='human'*)**

Renders the current state of the game.

**Parameters** **mode** (`str`) – The mode to use for rendering.

**Return type** `None`

**reset()**

Starts game from the beginning.

**Return type** `str`

**Returns** Initial state of the game.

**step(*command*)**

Performs a given command.

**Parameters** **command** (`str`) – Text command to send to the interpreter.

**Return type** `str`

**Returns** A tuple containing the new game state, a reward for performing that command and reaching this new state, and whether the game is finished or not.

**property** **game\_running:** `bool`

Determines if the game is still running.

**Return type** `bool`

## 13.3 Wrappers

**class** textworld.envs.wrappers.recorder.**Recorder**

Bases: [textworld.core.Wrapper](#)

**Parameters** *env* – environment to wrap.

**reset()**

**Return type** [GameState](#)

**step**(*command*)

**Return type** Tuple[[GameState](#), float, bool]

**class** textworld.envs.wrappers.viewer.**HtmlViewer**(*env*, *open\_automatically=True*, *port=8080*)

Bases: [textworld.core.Wrapper](#)

Wrap a TextWorld environment to provide visualization.

During a playthrough, the game can be visualized via local webserver <http://localhost:<port>>.

:param : The TextWorld environment to wrap. :type : param env: :param : Port to use for the web viewer. :type : param port:

**close()**

Close the game.

In addition to shutting down the game, this closes the local webserver.

**reset()**

Reset the game.

**Returns**

**Return type** Initial game state.

**step**(*command*)

Perform a game step.

**Parameters** *command* (str) – Text command to send to the game engine.

**Return type** Tuple[[GameState](#), float, bool]

**Returns**

- *game\_state* – Updated game state.
- *score* – Score for reaching this state.
- *done* – Whether the game is done or not.

**property** *port*

**class** textworld.envs.wrappers.filter.**Filter**(*env=None*)

Bases: [textworld.core.Wrapper](#)

Environment wrapper to filter what information is made available.

Requested information will be included within the *infos* dictionary returned by [Filter.reset\(\)](#) and [Filter.step\(...\)](#). To request specific information, create a [textworld.EnvInfos](#) and set the appropriate attributes to True. Then, instantiate a [Filter](#) wrapper with the [EnvInfos](#) object.

### Example

Here is an example of how to request information and retrieve it.

```
>>> from textworld import EnvInfos
>>> from textworld.envs.wrappers import Filter
>>> request_infos = EnvInfos(description=True, inventory=True, extras=["more"])
>>> env = textworld.start(gamefile, request_infos)
>>> env = Filter(env)
>>> ob, infos = env.reset()
>>> print(infos["description"])
>>> print(infos["inventory"])
>>> print(infos["extra.more"])
```

**Parameters** `env` (Optional[[Environment](#)]) – environment to wrap.

**copy()**

**Return type** [Filter](#)

**reset()**

**Return type** Tuple[str, Mapping[str, Any]]

**step(command)**

**Return type** Tuple[str, Mapping[str, Any]]

## 13.4 Z-Machine

**class** textworld.envs.zmachine.jericho.**JerichoEnv**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [textworld.core.Environment](#)

**Parameters** `infos` – Information to be included in the game state. By default, only the game’s narrative is included.

**close()**

Ends the game.

**copy()**

Return a copy of this environment at the same state.

**Return type** [JerichoEnv](#)

**load(z\_file)**

Loads a new text-based game.

**Parameters** `path` – Path to the game file to load.

**Return type** None

**reset()**

Starts game from the beginning.

**Returns** Initial state of the game.

**seed**(*seed=None*)

Sets the seed for the random number generator.

**step**(*command*)

Performs a given command.

**Parameters** **command** – Text command to send to the interpreter.

**Returns** A tuple containing the new game state, a reward for performing that command and reaching this new state, and whether the game is finished or not.

**property game\_running:** **bool**

Determines if the game is still running.

**Return type** **bool**





## TEXTWORLD.AGENTS

```
class textworld.agents.human.HumanAgent(autocompletion=True, oracle=False)
```

Bases: `textworld.core.Agent`

```
act(game_state, reward, done)
```

Acts upon the current game state.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** – Current game state.
- **reward** – Accumulated reward up until now.
- **done** – Whether the game is finished.

**Returns** Text command to be performed in this current state.

```
reset(env)
```

Let the agent set some environment's flags.

**Parameters** **env** – TextWorld environment.

```
class textworld.agents.random.NaiveAgent(seed=1234)
```

Bases: `textworld.core.Agent`

```
act(game_state, reward, done)
```

Acts upon the current game state.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** – Current game state.
- **reward** – Accumulated reward up until now.
- **done** – Whether the game is finished.

**Returns** Text command to be performed in this current state.

```
reset(env)
```

Let the agent set some environment's flags.

**Parameters** **env** – TextWorld environment.

```
class textworld.agents.random.RandomCommandAgent(seed=1234)
```

Bases: `textworld.core.Agent`

```
act(game_state, reward, done)
```

Acts upon the current game state.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** – Current game state.

- **reward** – Accumulated reward up until now.
- **done** – Whether the game is finished.

**Returns** Text command to be performed in this current state.

**reset**(*env*)

Let the agent set some environment's flags.

**Parameters** *env* – TextWorld environment.

**class** textworld.agents.simple.**NaiveAgent**(*seed=1234*)

Bases: [textworld.core.Agent](#)

**act**(*game\_state, reward, done*)

Acts upon the current game state.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** – Current game state.
- **reward** – Accumulated reward up until now.
- **done** – Whether the game is finished.

**Returns** Text command to be performed in this current state.

**reset**(*env*)

Let the agent set some environment's flags.

**Parameters** *env* – TextWorld environment.

**exception** textworld.agents.walkthrough.**WalkthroughDone**

Bases: `NameError`

**class** textworld.agents.walkthrough.**WalkthroughAgent**(*commands=None*)

Bases: [textworld.core.Agent](#)

Agent that simply follows a list of commands.

**act**(*game\_state, reward, done*)

Acts upon the current game state.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** – Current game state.
- **reward** – Accumulated reward up until now.
- **done** – Whether the game is finished.

**Returns** Text command to be performed in this current state.

**reset**(*env*)

Let the agent set some environment's flags.

**Parameters** *env* – TextWorld environment.

## TEXTWORLD.GENERATOR

**exception** `textworld.generator.GenerationWarning`

Bases: `UserWarning`

`textworld.generator.compile_game(game, options=None)`

Compile a game.

**Parameters**

- **game** (*Game*) – Game object to compile.
- **options** (Optional[*GameOptions*]) – For customizing the game generation (see [\*textworld.GameOptions\*](#) for the list of available options).

**Returns** The path to compiled game.

`textworld.generator.make_game(options)`

Make a game (map + objects + quest).

**Parameters** **options** (*GameOptions*) – For customizing the game generation (see [\*textworld.GameOptions\*](#) for the list of available options).

**Return type** *Game*

**Returns** Generated game.

`textworld.generator.make_game_with(world, quests=None, grammar=None)`

`textworld.generator.make_grammar(options={}, rng=None)`

**Return type** *Grammar*

`textworld.generator.make_map(n_rooms, size=None, rng=None, possible_door_states=['open', 'closed', 'locked'])`

Make a map.

**Parameters**

- **n\_rooms** (*int*) – Number of rooms in the map.
- **size** (*tuple of int*) – Size (height, width) of the grid delimiting the map.

`textworld.generator.make_quest(world, options=None)`

`textworld.generator.make_small_map(n_rooms, rng=None, possible_door_states=['open', 'closed', 'locked'])`

Make a small map.

The map will contains one room that connects to all others.

**Parameters**

- **n\_rooms** (*int*) – Number of rooms in the map (maximum of 5 rooms).
- **possible\_door\_states** (*list of str, optional*) – Possible states doors can have.

`textworld.generator.make_world(world_size, nb_objects=0, rngs=None)`

Make a world (map + objects).

**Parameters**

- **world\_size** (*int*) – Number of rooms in the world.
- **nb\_objects** (*int*) – Number of objects in the world.

`textworld.generator.make_world_with(rooms, rng=None)`

Make a world that contains the given rooms.

**Parameters** **rooms** (*list of textworld.logic.Variable*) – Rooms in the map. Variables must have type 'r'.

**exception** `textworld.generator.chaining.QuestGenerationError`

Bases: `Exception`

**class** `textworld.generator.chaining.Chain(initial_state, nodes)`

Bases: `object`

An initial state and a chain of actions forming a quest.

**nodes**

The dependency tree of this quest.

**initial\_state**

The initial state from which the actions start.

**actions**

The sequence of actions forming this quest.

**class** `textworld.generator.chaining.ChainNode(action, depth, breadth, parent)`

Bases: `object`

A node in a chain of actions.

**action**

The action to perform at this step.

**depth**

This node's depth in the dependency tree.

**breadth**

This node's breadth in the dependency tree.

**parent**

This node's parent in the dependency tree.

**class** `textworld.generator.chaining.ChainingOptions`

Bases: `object`

Options for customizing the behaviour of chaining.

**backward**

Whether to run chaining forwards or backwards. Forward chaining produces a sequence of actions that start at the provided state, while backward chaining produces a sequence of actions that end up at the provided state.

**min\_length**

The minimum length of the generated quests.

**max\_length**

The maximum length of the generated quests.

**min\_depth**

The minimum depth (length) of the generated independent subquests.

**max\_depth**

The maximum depth (length) of the generated independent subquests.

**min\_breadth**

The minimum breadth of the generated quests. When this is higher than 1, the generated quests will have multiple parallel subquests. In this case, min\_depth and max\_depth limit the length of these independent subquests, not the total size of the quest.

**max\_breadth**

The maximum breadth of the generated quests.

**subquests**

Whether to also return incomplete quests, which could be extended without reaching the depth or breadth limits.

**independent\_chains**

Whether to allow totally independent parallel chains.

**create\_variables**

Whether new variables may be created during chaining.

**fixed\_mapping**

A fixed mapping from placeholders to variables, for singletons.

**rng**

If provided, randomize the order of the quests using this random number generator.

**logic**

The rules of the game.

**rules\_per\_depth**

A list of lists of rules for restricting the allowed actions at certain depths.

**restricted\_types**

A set of types that may not have new variables created.

**allowed\_types**

A set of types that are allowed to have new variables created.

**check\_action**(*state*, *action*)

Check if an action should be allowed in this state.

The default implementation disallows actions that would create new facts that don't mention any new variables.

**Parameters**

- **state** (*State*) – The current state.
- **action** (*Action*) – The action being applied.

**Return type** bool

**Returns** Whether that action should be allowed.

**check\_new\_variable**(*state*, *type*, *count*)

Check if a new variable should be allowed to be created in this state.

**Parameters**

- **state** (*State*) – The current state.
- **type** (*str*) – The type of variable being created.
- **count** (*int*) – The total number of variables of that type.

**Return type** *bool*

**Returns** Whether that variable should be allowed to be created.

**copy()**

**Return type** *ChainingOptions*

**get\_rules**(*depth*)

Get the relevant rules for this depth.

**Parameters** **depth** (*int*) – The current depth in the chain.

**Return type** *Iterable[Rule]*

**Returns** The rules that may be applied at this depth in the chain.

**property fixed\_mapping:** *textworld.logic.GameLogic*

**Return type** *GameLogic*

**property logic:** *textworld.logic.GameLogic*

**Return type** *GameLogic*

**textworld.generator.chaining.get\_chains**(*state, options*)

Generates chains of actions (quests) starting from or ending at the given state.

**Parameters**

- **state** (*State*) – The initial state for chaining.
- **options** (*ChainingOptions*) – Options to configure chaining behaviour.

**Return type** *Iterable[Chain]*

**Returns** All possible quests according to the constraints.

**textworld.generator.chaining.sample\_quest**(*state, options*)

Samples a single chain of actions (a quest) starting from or ending at the given state.

**Parameters**

- **state** (*State*) – The initial state for chaining.
- **options** (*ChainingOptions*) – Options to configure chaining behaviour. Set options.rng to sample a random quest.

**Return type** *Optional[Chain]*

**Returns** A single possible quest.

**Raises** *QuestGenerationError* – No quest could be generated given the provided chaining options.

**class** **textworld.generator.dependency\_tree.DependencyTree**(*element\_type=<class 'textworld.generator.dependency\_tree.DependencyTreeElement'>, trees=[])*

Bases: *object*

**copy()**

**Return type** [\*DependencyTree\*](#)

**push**(*value*, *allow\_multi\_root=False*)

Add a value to this dependency tree.

Adding a value already present in the tree does not modify the tree.

**Parameters**

- **value** (Any) – value to add.
- **allow\_multi\_root** (bool) – if True, allow the value to spawn an additional root if needed.

**Return type** bool

**remove**(*value*)

Remove all leaves having the given value.

The value to remove needs to belong to at least one leaf in this tree. Otherwise, the tree remains unchanged.

**Parameters** **value** (Any) – value to remove from the tree.

**Return type** bool

**Returns** Whether the tree has changed or not.

**property** **empty**: bool

**Return type** bool

**property** **leaves\_elements**:

List[[\*textworld.generator.dependency\\_tree.DependencyTreeElement\*](#)]

**Return type** List[[\*DependencyTreeElement\*](#)]

**property** **leaves\_values**: List[Any]

**Return type** List[Any]

**property** **values**: List[Any]

**Return type** List[Any]

**class** [\*textworld.generator.dependency\\_tree.DependencyTreeElement\*](#)(*value*)

Bases: object

Representation of an element in the dependency tree.

The notion of dependency and ordering should be defined for these elements.

Subclasses should override [\*depends\\_on\*](#), `__lt__` and `__str__` accordingly.

**depends\_on**(*other*)

Check whether this element depends on the other.

**Return type** bool

**is\_distinct\_from**(*others*)

Check whether this element is distinct from others.

**Return type** bool

**class** [\*textworld.generator.logger.GameLogger\*](#)(*group\_actions=True*)

Bases: object

**aggregate**(*other*)

**collect**(*game*)

**display\_stats()**

**static load(filename)**

**save(filename)**

**stats()**

**exception** textworld.generator.vtypes.**NotEnoughNounsError**

Bases: `NameError`

**class** textworld.generator.vtypes.**VariableType**(*type, name, parent=None*)

Bases: `object`

**classmethod** **deserialize**(*data*)

**Return type** *VariableType*

**classmethod** **parse**(*expr*)

Parse a variable type expression.

**Parameters** **expr** (`str`) – The string to parse, in the form `name: type -> parent1 & parent2` or `name: type` for root node.

**Return type** *VariableType*

**serialize()**

**Return type** `str`

**class** textworld.generator.vtypes.**VariableTypeTree**(*vtypes*)

Bases: `object`

Manages hierarchy of types defined in `./grammars/variables.txt`. Used for extending the rules.

**count**(*state*)

Counts how many objects there are of each type.

**descendants**(*vtype*)

Given a variable type, return all possible descendants.

**classmethod** **deserialize**(*data*)

**Return type** *VariableTypeTree*

**get\_ancestors**(*vtype*)

List all ancestors of a type where the closest ancestors are first.

**get\_description**(*vtype*)

**is\_constant**(*vtype*)

**is\_descendant\_of**(*child, parents*)

Return if child is a descendant of parent

**classmethod** **load**(*path*)

Read variables from text file.

**sample**(*parent\_type, rng, exceptions=[], include\_parent=True, probs=None*)

Sample an object type given the parent's type.

**serialize()**



**Return type** List

**CHEST** = 'c'

**CLASS HOLDER** = ['c', 's']

**SUPPORTER** = 's'

`textworld.generator.vtypes.get_new(type, types_counts, max_types_counts=None)`

Get the next available id for a given type.

`textworld.generator.vtypes.parse_variable_types(content)`

Parse a list VariableType expressions.

## 15.1 Game

**exception** `textworld.generator.game.UnderspecifiedEventError`

Bases: `NameError`

**exception** `textworld.generator.game.UnderspecifiedQuestError`

Bases: `NameError`

**class** `textworld.generator.game.ActionDependencyTree(*args, kb=None, **kwargs)`

Bases: `textworld.generator.dependency_tree.DependencyTree`

**copy()**

**Return type** `ActionDependencyTree`

**flatten()**

Generates a flatten representation of this dependency tree.

Actions are greedily yielded by iteratively popping leaves from the dependency tree.

**Return type** `Iterable[Action]`

**remove(action)**

Remove all leaves having the given value.

The value to remove needs to belong to at least one leaf in this tree. Otherwise, the tree remains unchanged.

**Parameters** **value** – value to remove from the tree.

**Return type** `Tuple[bool, Optional[Action]]`

**Returns** Whether the tree has changed or not.

**class** `textworld.generator.game.ActionDependencyTreeElement(value)`

Bases: `textworld.generator.dependency_tree.DependencyTreeElement`

Representation of an Action in the dependency tree.

The notion of dependency and ordering is defined as follows:

- action1 depends on action2 if action1 needs the propositions added by action2;
- action1 should be performed before action2 if action2 removes propositions needed by action1.

**depends\_on(other)**

Check whether this action depends on the other.

Action1 depends on action2 when the intersection between the propositions added by action2 and the pre-conditions of the action1 is not empty, i.e. action1 needs the propositions added by action2.

**Return type** bool

**is\_distinct\_from**(*others*)

Check whether this element is distinct from *others*.

We check if *self.action* has any additional information that *others* actions don't have. This helps us to identify whether a group of nodes in the dependency tree already contain all the needed information that *self.action* would bring.

**Return type** bool

**property action:** `textworld.logic.Action`

**Return type** `Action`

**class** textworld.generator.game.**EntityInfo**(*id*, *type*)

Bases: object

Additional information about entities in the game.

**classmethod** **deserialize**(*data*)

Creates a `EntityInfo` from serialized data.

**Parameters** **data** (Mapping) – Serialized data with the needed information to build a `EntityInfo` object.

**Return type** `EntityInfo`

**serialize**()

Serialize this object.

**Results:** EntityInfo's data serialized to be JSON compatible

**Return type** Mapping

**adj**

The adjective (i.e. descriptive) part of the name, if available.

**Type** str

**definite**

The definite article to use for this entity.

**Type** str

**desc**

Text description displayed when examining this entity in the game.

**Type** str

**id**

Unique name for this entity. It is used when generating

**Type** str

**indefinite**

The indefinite article to use for this entity.

**Type** str

**name**

The name that will be displayed in-game to identify this entity.

**Type** str

**noun**

The noun part of the name, if available.

**Type** str

**room\_type**

Type of the room this entity belongs to. It used to influence its *name* during text generation.

**Type** str

**synonyms**

Alternative names that can be used to refer to this entity.

**Type** List[str]

**type**

The type of this entity.

**Type** str

**class** textworld.generator.game.**Event**(actions=(), conditions=(), commands=())

Bases: object

Event happening in TextWorld.

An event gets triggered when its set of conditions become all satisfied.

**actions**

Actions to be performed to trigger this event

**commands**

Human readable version of the actions.

**condition**

*textworld.logic.Action* that can only be applied when all conditions are satisfied.

**Parameters**

- **actions** (Iterable[*Action*]) – The actions to be performed to trigger this event. If an empty list, then **conditions** must be provided.
- **conditions** (Iterable[*Proposition*]) – Set of propositions which need to be all true in order for this event to get triggered.
- **commands** (Iterable[str]) – Human readable version of the actions.

**copy()**

Copy this event.

**Return type** *Event*

**classmethod** **deserialize**(data)

Creates an *Event* from serialized data.

**Parameters** **data** (Mapping) – Serialized data with the needed information to build a *Event* object.

**Return type** *Event*

**is\_triggering**(state)

Check if this event would be triggered in a given state.

**Return type** bool

**serialize()**

Serialize this event.

**Results:** *Event*'s data serialized to be JSON compatible.

**Return type** Mapping

**set\_conditions**(*conditions*)

Set the triggering conditions for this event.

**Parameters** *conditions* (Iterable[*Proposition*]) – Set of propositions which need to be all true in order for this event to get triggered.

**Return type** *Action*

**Returns** Action that can only be applied when all conditions are satisfied.

**property actions:** Iterable[*textworld.logic.Action*]

**Return type** Iterable[*Action*]

**property commands:** Iterable[str]

**Return type** Iterable[str]

**class** textworld.generator.game.**EventProgression**(*event, kb*)

Bases: object

EventProgression monitors a particular event.

Internally, the event is represented as a dependency tree of relevant actions to be performed.

**Parameters** *quest* – The quest to keep track of its completion.

**compress\_policy**(*state*)

Compress the policy given a game state.

**Parameters** *state* (*State*) – Current game state.

**Return type** bool

**Returns** Whether the policy was compressed or not.

**copy()**

Return a soft copy.

**Return type** *EventProgression*

**update**(*action=None, state=None*)

Update event progression given available information.

**Parameters**

- **action** (Optional[*Action*]) – Action potentially affecting the event progression.
- **state** (Optional[*State*]) – Current game state.

**Return type** None

**property done:** bool

Check if the quest is done (i.e. triggered or untriggerable).

**Return type** bool

**property triggered:** bool

Check whether the event has been triggered.

**Return type** bool

**property triggering\_policy:** List[[textworld.logic.Action](#)]

Actions to be performed in order to trigger the event.

**Return type** List[[Action](#)]

**property untriggerable:** bool

Check whether the event is in an untriggerable state.

**Return type** bool

**class** textworld.generator.game.[Game](#)(world, grammar=None, quests=())

Bases: object

Game representation in TextWorld.

A [Game](#) is defined by a world and it can have quest(s) or not. Additionally, a grammar can be provided to control the text generation.

**Parameters**

- **world** ([World](#)) – The world to use for the game.
- **quests** (Iterable[[Quest](#)]) – The quests to be done in the game.
- **grammar** (Optional[[Grammar](#)]) – The grammar to control the text generation.

**change\_grammar**(grammar)

Changes the grammar used and regenerate all text.

**Return type** None

**copy**()

Make a shallow copy of this game.

**Return type** [Game](#)

**classmethod** **deserialize**(data)

Creates a [Game](#) from serialized data.

**Parameters** **data** (Mapping) – Serialized data with the needed information to build a [Game](#) object.

**Return type** [Game](#)

**classmethod** **load**(filename)

Creates [Game](#) from serialized data saved in a file.

**Return type** [Game](#)

**save**(filename)

Saves the serialized data of this game to a file.

**Return type** None

**serialize**()

Serialize this object.

**Results:** Game's data serialized to be JSON compatible

**Return type** Mapping

**property command\_templates:** List[str]

All command templates understood in this game.

```
    Return type List[str]
property directions_names: List[str]
    Return type List[str]
property entity_names: List[str]
    Return type List[str]
property infos: Dict[str, textworld.generator.game.EntityInfo]
    Information about the entities in the game.
    Return type Dict[str, EntityInfo]
property max_score: float
    Sum of the reward of all quests.
    Return type float
property objective: str
    Return type str
property objects_names: List[str]
    The names of all relevant objects in this game.
    Return type List[str]
property objects_names_and_types: List[str]
    The names of all non-player objects along with their type in this game.
    Return type List[str]
property objects_types: List[str]
    All types of objects in this game.
    Return type List[str]
property verbs: List[str]
    Verbs that should be recognized in this game.
    Return type List[str]
property walkthrough: Optional[List[str]]
    Return type Optional[List[str]]
class textworld.generator.game.GameOptions
    Bases: object
    Options for customizing the game generation.
    nb_rooms
        Number of rooms in the game.
        Type int
    nb_objects
        Number of objects in the game.
        Type int
    nb_parallel_quests
        Number of parallel quests, i.e. not sharing a common goal.
        Type int
```

**quest\_length**

Number of actions that need to be performed to complete the game.

**Type** int

**quest\_breadth**

Number of subquests per independent quest. It controls how nonlinear a quest can be (1: linear).

**Type** int

**quest\_depth**

Number of actions that need to be performed to solve a subquest.

**Type** int

**path**

Path of the compiled game (.ulx or .z8). Also, the source (.ni) and metadata (.json) files will be saved along with it.

**Type** str

**force\_recompile**

If True, recompile game even if it already exists.

**Type** bool

**file\_ext**

Type of the generated game file. Either .z8 (Z-Machine) or .ulx (Glulx). If *path* already has an extension, this is ignored.

**Type** str

**seeds**

Seeds for the different generation processes.

- If None, seeds will be sampled from *textworld.g\_rng*.
- If int, it acts as a seed for a random generator that will be used to sample the other seeds.
- If dict, the following keys can be set:
  - 'map': control the map generation;
  - 'objects': control the type of objects and their location;
  - 'quest': control the quest generation;
  - 'grammar': control the text generation.

For any key missing, a random number gets assigned (sampled from *textworld.g\_rng*).

**Type** Optional[Union[int, Dict]]

**kb**

The knowledge base containing the logic and the text grammars (see *textworld.generator.KnowledgeBase* for more information).

**Type** *KnowledgeBase*

**chaining**

For customizing the quest generation (see *textworld.generator.ChainingOptions* for the list of available options).

**Type** *ChainingOptions*

**grammar**

For customizing the text generation (see `textworld.generator.GrammarOptions` for the list of available options).

Type `GrammarOptions`

**copy()**

Return type `GameOptions`

property **kb:** `textworld.generator.data.KnowledgeBase`

Return type `KnowledgeBase`

property **quest\_breadth:** `int`

Return type `int`

property **quest\_length:** `int`

Return type `int`

property **rngs:** `Dict[str, numpy.random.mtrand.RandomState]`

Return type `Dict[str, RandomState]`

property **seeds**

property **uuid:** `str`

Return type `str`

**class** `textworld.generator.game.GameProgression(game, track_requests=True)`

Bases: `object`

`GameProgression` keeps track of the progression of a game.

If `tracking_requests` is `True`, then `winning_policy` will be the list of `Action` that need to be applied in order to complete the game.

**Parameters**

- **game** (`Game`) – The game for which to track progression.
- **track\_requests** (`bool`) – whether quest progressions are being tracked.

**copy()**

Return a soft copy.

Return type `GameProgression`

**update(action)**

Update the state of the game given the provided action.

**Parameters** **action** (`Action`) – Action affecting the state of the game.

Return type `None`

property **completed:** `bool`

Whether all non-optional quests are completed.

Return type `bool`

property **done:** `bool`

Whether all non-optional quests are completed or at least one has failed or is unfinishable.

Return type `bool`



**property failed: bool**

Whether at least one non-optional quest has failed or is unfinishable.

**Return type** bool

**property score: int**

Sum of the reward of all completed quests.

**Return type** int

**property tracking\_requests: bool**

Whether quests are being tracked or not.

**Return type** bool

**property valid\_actions: List[[textworld.logic.Action](#)]**

Actions that are valid at the current state.

**Return type** List[[Action](#)]

**property winning\_policy: Optional[List[[textworld.logic.Action](#)]]**

Actions to be performed in order to complete the game.

**Return type** Optional[List[[Action](#)]]

**Returns** A policy that leads to winning the game. It can be None if [tracking\\_requests](#) is False or the quest has failed.

**class** textworld.generator.game.**Quest**(*win\_events=()*, *fail\_events=()*, *reward=None*, *desc=None*, *commands=()*, *optional=False*, *repeatable=False*)

Bases: object

Quest representation in TextWorld.

A quest is defined by a mutually exclusive set of winning events and a mutually exclusive set of failing events.

**win\_events**

Mutually exclusive set of winning events. That is, only one such event needs to be triggered in order to complete this quest.

**fail\_events**

Mutually exclusive set of failing events. That is, only one such event needs to be triggered in order to fail this quest.

**reward**

Reward given for completing this quest.

**desc**

A text description of the quest.

**commands**

List of text commands leading to this quest completion.

**optional**

Whether this quest is optional or not to finish the game.

**repeatable**

Whether this quest can be completed more than once.

**Parameters**

- **win\_events** (Iterable[[Event](#)]) – Mutually exclusive set of winning events. That is, only one such event needs to be triggered in order to complete this quest.

- **fail\_events** (Iterable[[Event](#)]) – Mutually exclusive set of failing events. That is, only one such event needs to be triggered in order to fail this quest.
- **reward** (Optional[int]) – Reward given for completing this quest. By default, reward is set to 1 if there is at least one winning events otherwise it is set to 0.
- **desc** (Optional[str]) – A text description of the quest.
- **commands** (Iterable[str]) – List of text commands leading to this quest completion.
- **optional** (bool) – If True, this quest is optional to finish the game.
- **repeatable** (bool) – If True, this quest can be completed more than once.

**copy()**

Copy this quest.

**Return type** [Quest](#)

**classmethod deserialize**(*data*)

Creates a [Quest](#) from serialized data.

**Parameters** *data* (Mapping) – Serialized data with the needed information to build a [Quest](#) object.

**Return type** [Quest](#)

**is\_failing**(*state*)

Check if this quest is failing in that particular state.

**Return type** bool

**is\_winning**(*state*)

Check if this quest is winning in that particular state.

**Return type** bool

**serialize()**

Serialize this quest.

**Results:** Quest's data serialized to be JSON compatible

**Return type** Mapping

**property commands:** Iterable[str]

**Return type** Iterable[str]

**property fail\_events:** Iterable[[textworld.generator.game.Event](#)]

**Return type** Iterable[[Event](#)]

**property win\_events:** Iterable[[textworld.generator.game.Event](#)]

**Return type** Iterable[[Event](#)]

**class** [textworld.generator.game.QuestProgression](#)(*quest, kb*)

Bases: object

QuestProgression keeps track of the completion of a quest.

Internally, the quest is represented as a dependency tree of relevant actions to be performed.

**Parameters** *quest* ([Quest](#)) – The quest to keep track of its completion.

**copy()**

Return a soft copy.

**Return type** `QuestProgression`

**update**(*action=None, state=None*)

Update quest progression given available information.

**Parameters**

- **action** (Optional[`Action`]) – Action potentially affecting the quest progression.
- **state** (Optional[`State`]) – Current game state.

**Return type** `None`

**property completable: bool**

Check if the quest has winning events.

**Return type** `bool`

**property completed: bool**

Check whether the quest is completed.

**Return type** `bool`

**property done: bool**

Check if the quest is done (i.e. completed, failed or unfinishable).

**Return type** `bool`

**property failed: bool**

Check whether the quest has failed.

**Return type** `bool`

**property unfinishable: bool**

Check whether the quest is in an unfinishable state.

**Return type** `bool`

**property winning\_policy: Optional[List[`textworld.logic.Action`]]**

Actions to be performed in order to complete the quest.

**Return type** `Optional[List[Action]]`

`textworld.generator.game.gen_commands_from_actions(actions, kb=None)`

**Return type** `List[str]`

## 15.2 World

**exception** `textworld.generator.world.NoFreeExitError`

Bases: `Exception`

**class** `textworld.generator.world.World(kb=None)`

Bases: `object`

**add\_fact**(*fact*)

**Return type** `None`

**add\_facts**(*facts*)

Return type `None`

**classmethod deserialize**(*serialized\_facts*, *kb=None*)

Return type `World`

**find\_object\_by\_id**(*id*)

Return type `Optional[WorldObject]`

**find\_room\_by\_id**(*id*)

Return type `Optional[WorldRoom]`

**classmethod from\_facts**(*facts*, *kb=None*)

Return type `World`

**classmethod from\_map**(*map*, *kb=None*)

Parameters **map** (Graph) – Graph defining the structure of the world.

Return type `World`

**get\_all\_objects\_in**(*obj*)

Return type `List[WorldObject]`

**get\_entities\_per\_type**(*type*)

Get all entities of a certain type.

Return type `List[WorldEntity]`

**get\_facts\_in\_scope**()

Return type `List[Proposition]`

**get\_objects\_in\_inventory**()

Return type `List[WorldObject]`

**get\_visible\_objects\_in**(*obj*)

Return type `List[WorldObject]`

**populate**(*nb\_objects*, *rng=None*, *object\_types\_probs=None*)

Return type `List[Proposition]`

**populate\_room**(*nb\_objects*, *room*, *rng=None*, *object\_types\_probs=None*)

Return type `List[Proposition]`

**populate\_room\_with**(*objects*, *room*, *rng=None*)

Return type `List[Proposition]`

**populate\_with**(*objects*, *rng=None*)

Return type `List[Proposition]`

**serialize**()

Return type `List`

**set\_player\_room**(*start\_room=None*)

Return type `Proposition`

property entities: `ValuesView[textworld.generator.world.WorldEntity]`

Return type `ValuesView[WorldEntity]`

property facts: `List[textworld.logic.Proposition]`

Return type `List[Proposition]`

property objects: `List[textworld.generator.world.WorldObject]`

Return type `List[WorldObject]`

property player\_room: `textworld.generator.world.WorldRoom`

Return type `WorldRoom`

property rooms: `List[textworld.generator.world.WorldRoom]`

Return type `List[WorldRoom]`

property state: `textworld.logic.State`

Return type `State`

**class** `textworld.generator.world.WorldEntity(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `textworld.logic.Variable`

A *WorldEntity* is an abstract concept representing anything with a name and a type.

Create a *Variable*.

#### Parameters

- **name** – The (unique) name of the variable.
- **type** (*optional*) – The type of the variable. Defaults to the same as the name.

**add\_related\_fact**(*fact*)

Return type `None`

**classmethod** `create(var)`

Return type `Union[WorldRoom, WorldObject]`

**get\_attributes**()

Return type List[*Proposition*]

property id: str

Return type str

name

type

**class** textworld.generator.world.**WorldObject**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: *textworld.generator.world.WorldEntity*

A WorldObject is anything we can directly interact with.

Create a Variable.

#### Parameters

- **name** – The (unique) name of the variable.
- **type** (*optional*) – The type of the variable. Defaults to the same as the name.

name

type

**class** textworld.generator.world.**WorldRoom**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: *textworld.generator.world.WorldEntity*

WorldRooms can be linked with each other through exits.

Create a Variable.

#### Parameters

- **name** – The (unique) name of the variable.
- **type** (*optional*) – The type of the variable. Defaults to the same as the name.

name

type

textworld.generator.world.**connect**(room1, direction, room2, door=None)

Generate predicates that connect two rooms.

#### Parameters

- **room1** (*Variable*) – A room variable.
- **direction** (str) – Direction that we need to travel to go from room1 to room2.
- **room2** (*Variable*) – A room variable.
- **door** (Optional[*Variable*]) – The door separating the two rooms. If None, there is no door between the rooms.

Return type List[*Proposition*]

textworld.generator.world.**graph2state**(G, rooms)

Convert Graph object to a list of Proposition.

#### Parameters

- **G** (Graph) – Graph defining the structure of the world.
- **rooms** (Dict[str, *Variable*]) – information about the rooms in the world.

Return type List[*Proposition*]

```

textworld.generator.graph_networks.create_map(rng, n_nodes, h, w, possible_door_states=['open',
                                             'closed', 'locked'])
textworld.generator.graph_networks.create_small_map(rng, n_rooms, possible_door_states=['open',
                                             'closed', 'locked'])
textworld.generator.graph_networks.direction(x, y)
textworld.generator.graph_networks.extremes(G)
    Find left most and bottom nodes in the cartesian sense.
textworld.generator.graph_networks.gen_layout(rng, n_nodes=5, h=10, w=10)
    Generate a map with n_nodes rooms by picking a subgraph from a h,w grid.
textworld.generator.graph_networks.get_path(G, room1, room2)
textworld.generator.graph_networks.mark_doors(G, rng, possible_door_states=['open', 'closed', 'locked'])
    Put doors between neighbouring articulation points.
textworld.generator.graph_networks.plot_graph(G, show=True)
    Plot TextWorld's graph representation of a world.

    Return type None
textworld.generator.graph_networks.relabel(G)
    Relabel G so that its origin is (0, 0)
textworld.generator.graph_networks.reverse_direction(direction)
textworld.generator.graph_networks.shortest_path(G, source, target)
    Return shortest path in terms of directions.
textworld.generator.graph_networks.xy_diff(x, y)

```

## 15.3 GameMaker

```

exception textworld.generator.maker.ExitAlreadyUsedError
    Bases: ValueError
exception textworld.generator.maker.FailedConstraintsError(failed_constraints)
    Bases: ValueError

    Thrown when a constraint has failed during generation.

    Parameters failed_constraints (List[Action]) – The constraints that have failed
exception textworld.generator.maker.MissingPlayerError
    Bases: ValueError
exception textworld.generator.maker.PlayerAlreadySetError
    Bases: ValueError
exception textworld.generator.maker.QuestError
    Bases: ValueError
class textworld.generator.maker.GameMaker(options=None)
    Bases: object

    Stateful utility class for handcrafting text-based games.

    player
        Entity representing the player.

```

**Type** *WorldEntity*

**inventory**

Entity representing the player's inventory.

**Type** *WorldEntity*

**nowhere**

List of out-of-world entities (e.g. objects that would only appear later in a game).

**Type** List[*WorldEntity*]

**rooms**

The rooms present in this world.

**Type** List[*WorldRoom*]

**paths**

The connections between the rooms.

**Type** List[*WorldPath*]

Creates an empty world, with a player and an empty inventory.

**add\_fact**(*name*, *\*entities*)

Adds a fact.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The name of the new fact.
- **\*entities** – A list of *WorldEntity* as arguments to this fact.

**Return type** None

**build**(*validate=True*)

Create a Game instance given the defined facts.

**Parameters** **validate** (*optional*) – If True, check if the game is valid, i.e. respects all constraints.

**Returns**

**Return type** Generated game.

**compile**(*path*)

Compile this game.

**Parameters** **path** (str) – Path where to save the generated game.

**Returns** Path to the game file.

**Return type** game\_file

**connect**(*exit1*, *exit2*)

Connect two rooms using their exits.

**Parameters**

- **exit1** (*WorldRoomExit*) – The exit of the first room to link.
- **exit2** (*WorldRoomExit*) – The exit of the second room to link.

**Return type** *WorldPath*

**Returns** The path created by the link between two rooms, with no door.



**find\_by\_name**(*name*)

Find an entity using its name.

**Return type** Optional[*WorldEntity*]

**find\_path**(*room1*, *room2*)

Get the path between two rooms, if it exists.

**Parameters**

- **room1** (*WorldRoom*) – One of the two rooms.
- **room2** (*WorldRoom*) – The other room.

**Return type** Optional[*WorldEntity*]

**Returns** The matching path path, if it exists.

**findall**(*type*)

Gets all entities of the given type.

**Parameters** **type** (str) – The type of entity to find.

**Return type** List[*WorldEntity*]

**Returns** All entities which match.

**generate\_distractors**(*nb\_distractors*)

Generates a number of distractors - random objects.

**Parameters** **nb\_distractors** (int) – The number of distractors to game will contain.

**Return type** None

**generate\_random\_questions**(*nb\_questions=1*, *length=1*, *breadth=1*)

Generates random questions for the game.

**Warning:** This method overrides any previous questions the game had.

**Parameters**

- **nb\_questions** – Number of parallel questions, i.e. not sharing a common goal.
- **length** (int) – Number of actions that need to be performed to complete the game.
- **breadth** (int) – Number of subquestions per independent question. It controls how nonlinear a question can be (1: linear).

**Return type** List[*Quest*]

**Returns** The generated questions.

**import\_graph**(*G*)

Convert Graph object to a list of Proposition.

**Parameters** **G** (Graph) – Graph defining the structure of the world.

**Return type** List[*WorldRoom*]

**move**(*entity*, *new\_location*)

Move an entity to a new location.

**Parameters**

- **entity** (*WorldEntity*) – Entity to move.

- **new\_location** (*WorldEntity*) – Where to move the entity.

**Return type** `None`

**new**(*type*, *name=None*, *desc=None*)

Creates new entity given its type.

**Parameters**

- **type** (`str`) – The type of the entity.
- **name** (`Optional[str]`) – The name of the entity.
- **desc** (`Optional[str]`) – The description of the entity.

**Return type** `Union[WorldEntity, WorldRoom]`

**Returns**

The newly created entity.

- If the type is 'r', then a *WorldRoom* object is returned.
- Otherwise, a *WorldEntity* is returned.

**new\_door**(*path*, *name=None*, *desc=None*)

Creates a new door and add it to the path.

**Parameters**

- **path** (*WorldPath*) – A path between two rooms where to add the door.
- **name** (`Optional[str]`) – The name of the door. Default: generate one automatically.
- **desc** (`Optional[str]`) – The description of the door.

**Return type** *WorldEntity*

**Returns** The newly created door.

**new\_event\_using\_commands**(*commands*)

Creates a new event using predefined text commands.

This launches a `textworld.play` session to execute provided commands.

**Parameters** **commands** (`List[str]`) – Text commands.

**Return type** *Event*

**Returns** The resulting event.

**new\_fact**(*name*, *\*entities*)

Create new fact.

**Parameters**

- **name** (`str`) – The name of the new fact.
- **\*entities** – A list of entities as arguments to the new fact.

**Return type** `None`

**new\_quest\_using\_commands**(*commands*)

Creates a new quest using predefined text commands.

This launches a `textworld.play` session to execute provided commands.

**Parameters** **commands** (`List[str]`) – Text commands.

**Return type** *Quest*

**Returns** The resulting quest.

**new\_room**(*name=None, desc=None*)

Create new room entity.

**Parameters**

- **name** (Optional[str]) – The name of the room.
- **desc** (Optional[str]) – The description of the room.

**Return type** *WorldRoom*

**Returns** The newly created room entity.

**record\_quest**()

Defines the game's quest by recording the commands.

This launches a `textworld.play` session.

**Return type** *Quest*

**Returns** The resulting quest.

**render**(*interactive=False*)

Returns a visual representation of the world. :type interactive: bool :param interactive: opens an interactive session in the browser instead of returning a png. :return: :param save\_screenshot: ONLY FOR WHEN interactive == False. Save screenshot in temp directory. :param filename: filename for screenshot

**set\_player**(*room*)

Place the player in room.

**Parameters** **room** (*WorldRoom*) – The room the player will start in.

## Notes

At the moment, the player can only be place once and cannot be moved once placed.

**Raises** *PlayerAlreadySetError* – If the player has already been set.

**Return type** None

**set\_quest\_from\_commands**(*commands*)

Defines the game's quest using predefined text commands.

This launches a `textworld.play` session.

**Parameters** **commands** (List[str]) – Text commands.

**Return type** *Quest*

**Returns** The resulting quest.

**set\_walkthrough**(*commands*)

**test**(*walkthrough=False*)

Test the game being built.

This launches a `textworld.play` session.

**Return type** None

**validate**()

Check if the world is valid and can be compiled.

A world is valid if the player has been placed in a room and all constraints (defined in the *knowledge base*) are respected.

**Return type** bool

**property facts:** Iterable[*textworld.logic.Proposition*]

All the facts associated to the current game state.

**Return type** Iterable[*Proposition*]

**property state:** *textworld.logic.State*

Current state of the world.

**Return type** *State*

**class** textworld.generator.maker.**WorldEntity**(var, name=None, desc=None, kb=None)

Bases: object

Represents an entity in the world.

Example of entities commonly found in text-based games: rooms, doors, items, etc.

**Parameters**

- **var** (*Variable*) – The underlying variable for the entity which is used by TextWorld’s inference engine.
- **name** (Optional[str]) – The name of the entity that will be displayed in-game. Default: generate one according to the variable’s type.
- **desc** (Optional[str]) – The description of the entity that will be displayed when examining it in the game.

**add**(\*entities)

Add children to this entity.

**Return type** None

**add\_fact**(name, \*entities)

Adds a fact to this entity.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The name of the new fact.
- **\*entities** – A list of entities as arguments to the new fact.

**Return type** None

**add\_property**(name)

Adds a property to this entity.

A property is a fact that only involves one entity. For instance, ‘closed(c)’, ‘open(c)’, and ‘locked(c)’ are all properties.

**Parameters** **name** (str) – The name of the new property.

**Return type** None

**has\_property**(name)

Determines if this object has a property with the given name.

**Parameters** **property**. (*The name of the*) –

### Example

```

>>> from textworld import GameMaker
>>> M = GameMaker()
>>> chest = M.new(type="c", name="chest")
>>> chest.has_property('closed')
False
>>> chest.add_property('closed')
>>> chest.has_property('closed')
True

```

**Return type** bool

**remove**(\*entities)

**remove\_fact**(name, \*entities)

**Return type** None

**remove\_property**(name)

**Return type** None

**property facts:** List[[textworld.logic.Proposition](#)]

All facts related to this entity (or its children content).

**Return type** List[[Proposition](#)]

**property id:** str

Unique name used internally.

**Return type** str

**property name:** str

Name of this entity.

**Return type** str

**property properties:** List[[textworld.logic.Proposition](#)]

Properties of this object are things that refer to this object and this object alone. For instance, ‘closed’, ‘open’, and ‘locked’ are possible properties of ‘containers’.

**Return type** List[[Proposition](#)]

**property type:** str

Type of this entity.

**Return type** str

**class** textworld.generator.maker.**WorldPath**(src, src\_exit, dest, dest\_exit, door=None, kb=None)

Bases: object

Represents a path between two [WorldRoom](#) objects.

A [WorldPath](#) encapsulates the source [WorldRoom](#), the source [WorldRoomExit](#), the destination [WorldRoom](#) and the destination [WorldRoom](#). Optionally, a linking door can also be provided.

#### Parameters

- **src** ([WorldRoom](#)) – The source room.

- **src\_exit** (*WorldRoomExit*) – The exit of the source room.
- **dest** (*WorldRoom*) – The destination room.
- **dest\_exit** (*WorldRoomExit*) – The exist of the destination room.
- **door** (Optional[*WorldEntity*]) – The door between the two rooms, if any.

**property door:** Optional[*textworld.generator.maker.WorldEntity*]

The entity representing the door or None if there is none.

**Return type** Optional[*WorldEntity*]

**property facts:** List[*textworld.logic.Proposition*]

Facts related to this path.

**Return type** List[*Proposition*]

**Returns** The facts that make up this path.

**class** *textworld.generator.maker.WorldRoom*(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: *textworld.generator.maker.WorldEntity*

Represents a room in the world.

Takes the same arguments as *WorldEntity*.

Then, creates a *WorldRoomExit* for each direction defined in *graph\_networks.DIRECTIONS*, and sets exits to be a dict of those names to the newly created rooms. It then sets an attribute to each name.

#### Parameters

- **args** – The args to pass to *WorldEntity*
- **kwargs** – The kwargs to pass to *WorldEntity*

**east**

**north**

**south**

**west**

**class** *textworld.generator.maker.WorldRoomExit*(src, direction, dest=None)

Bases: object

Represents an exit from a Room.

These are used to connect *WorldRoom*'s to form *WorldPath*'s. *WorldRoomExit*'s are linked to each other through their `:py:attr:`dest``.

When `dest` is None, it means there is no path leading to this exit yet.

#### Parameters

- **src** (*WorldRoom*) – The *WorldRoom* that the exit is from.
- **direction** (str) – The direction the exit is in: north, east, south, and west are common.
- **dest** (Optional[*WorldRoom*]) – The *WorldRoomExit* that this exit links to (exits are linked to each other).

*textworld.generator.maker.get\_failing\_constraints*(state, kb=None)

## 15.4 Grammar

**class** textworld.generator.text\_generation.CountOrderedDict

Bases: collections.OrderedDict

An OrderedDict whose empty items are 0

**class** textworld.generator.text\_generation.MergeAction

Bases: object

Group of actions merged into one.

This allows for blending consecutive instructions.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.assign\_description\_to\_object(*obj*, *grammar*, *game*)

Assign a descripton to an object.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.assign\_description\_to\_quest(*quest*, *game*, *grammar*)

textworld.generator.text\_generation.assign\_description\_to\_room(*room*, *game*, *grammar*)

Assign a descripton to a room.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.assign\_name\_to\_object(*obj*, *grammar*, *game\_infos*)

Assign a name to an object (if needed).

textworld.generator.text\_generation.assign\_new\_matching\_names(*obj1\_infos*, *obj2\_infos*, *grammar*,  
*exclude*)

textworld.generator.text\_generation.clean\_replace\_objs(*grammar*, *desc*, *objs*, *game*)

Return a cleaned/keyword replaced for a list of objects.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.describe\_event(*event*, *game*, *grammar*)

Assign a descripton to a quest.

**Return type** str

textworld.generator.text\_generation.expand\_clean\_replace(*symbol*, *grammar*, *obj*, *game*)

Return a cleaned/keyword replaced symbol.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.generate\_instruction(*action*, *grammar*, *game*, *counts*)

Generate text instruction for a specific action.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.generate\_text\_from\_grammar(*game*, *grammar*)

textworld.generator.text\_generation.get\_action\_chains(*actions*, *grammar*, *game*)

Reduce the action list by combining similar actions.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.is\_seq(*chain*, *game*)

Check if we have a theoretical chain in actions.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.list\_to\_string(*lst*, *det*, *det\_type*='a')

Convert a list to a natural language string.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.obj\_list\_to\_prop\_string(*objs*, *property*, *game*, *det*=True,  
*det\_type*='a')

Convert an object list to a nl string list of names.

textworld.generator.text\_generation.repl\_sing\_plur(*phrase*, *length*)

Alter a sentence depending on whether or not we are dealing with plural or singular objects (for counting)

textworld.generator.text\_generation.replace\_num(*phrase*, *val*)

Add a numerical value to a string.

**exception** `textworld.generator.text_grammar.MissingTextGrammar(path)`

Bases: `NameError`

**class** `textworld.generator.text_grammar.Grammar(options={}, rng=None, kb=None)`

Bases: `object`

Context-Free Grammar for text generation.

#### Parameters

- **options** (`Union[GrammarOptions, Mapping[str, Any]]`) – For customizing text generation process (see `textworld.generator.GrammarOptions` for the list of available options).
- **rng** (`Optional[RandomState]`) – Random generator used for sampling tag expansions.

**check()**

Check if this grammar is valid.

TODO: use logging mechanism to report warnings and errors.

**Return type** `bool`

**expand(text, rng=None)**

Expand some text until there is no more tag to expand.

#### Parameters

- **text** (`str`) – Text potentially containing grammar tags to be expanded.
- **rng** (*optional*) – Random generator used to chose an expansion when there is many. By default, it used the random generator of this grammar object.

**Returns** Resulting text in which there is no grammar tag left to be expanded.

**Return type** `expanded_text`

**generate\_name(obj\_type, room\_type="", include\_adj=None, exclude=[])**

Generate a name given an object type and the type room it belongs to.

#### Parameters

- **obj\_type** (`str`) – Type of the object for which we will generate a name.
- **room\_type** (*optional*) – Type of the room the object belongs to.
- **include\_adj** (*optional*) – If True, the name can contain a generated adjective. If False, any generated adjective will be discarded. Default: use value `grammar.options.include_adj`
- **exclude** (*optional*) – List of names we should avoid generating.

**Return type** `Tuple[str, str, str]`

#### Returns

- *name* – The whole name, i.e. `adj + " " + noun`.
- *adj* – The adjective part of the name.
- *noun* – The noun part of the name.

**get\_all\_adjective\_for\_type(type)**

Get all possible adjectives for a given object type.

**Parameters** **type** (`str`) – Object type.

**Returns** All possible adjectives sorted in alphabetical order.



**Return type** adjectives

**get\_all\_expansions\_for\_tag**(*tag*, *max\_depth*=500)

Get all possible expansions for a grammar tag.

**Parameters**

- **tag** (str) – Grammar tag to be expanded.
- **max\_depth** (*optional*) – Maximum recursion depth when expanding tag.

**Returns** All possible expansions.

**Return type** expansions

**get\_all\_expansions\_for\_type**(*type*)

Get all possible expansions for a given object type.

**Parameters** **type** (str) – Object type.

**Returns** All possible names.

**Return type** names

**get\_all\_names\_for\_type**(*type*, *include\_adj*)

Get all possible names for a given object type.

**Parameters**

- **type** (str) – Object type.
- **include\_adj** (*optional*) – If True, names can contain generated adjectives. If False, any generated adjectives will be discarded.

**Returns** All possible names sorted in alphabetical order.

**Return type** names

**get\_all\_nouns\_for\_type**(*type*)

Get all possible nouns for a given object type.

**Parameters** **type** (str) – Object type.

**Returns** All possible nouns sorted in alphabetical order.

**Return type** nouns

**get\_random\_expansion**(*tag*, *rng*=None)

Return a randomly chosen expansion for the given tag.

**Parameters**

- **tag** (str) – Grammar tag to be expanded.
- **rng** (*optional*) – Random generator used to chose an expansion when there is many. By default, it used the random generator of this grammar object.

**Returns** An expansion chosen randomly for the provided tag.

**Return type** expansion

**get\_vocabulary**()

**Return type** List[str]

**has\_tag**(*tag*)

Check if the grammar has a given tag.

**Return type** bool

**split\_name\_adj\_noun**(*candidate*, *include\_adj*)

Extract the full name, the adjective and the noun from a string.

**Parameters**

- **candidate** (str) – String that may contain one adjective-noun separator ‘|’.
- **include\_adj** (*optional*) – If True, the name can contain a generated adjective. If False, any generated adjective will be discarded.

**Return type** Optional[Tuple[str, str, str]]

**Returns**

- *name* – The whole name, i.e. *adj* + " " + *noun*.
- *adj* – The adjective part of the name.
- *noun* – The noun part of the name.

**class** textworld.generator.text\_grammar.**GrammarOptions**(*options=None*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: object

**copy**()

**Return type** *GrammarOptions*

**classmethod** **deserialize**(*data*)

Creates a *GrammarOptions* from serialized data.

**Parameters** *data* (Mapping) – Serialized data with the needed information to build a *GrammarOptions* object.

**Return type** *GrammarOptions*

**serialize**()

Serialize this object.

**Results:** GrammarOptions’s data serialized to be JSON compatible.

**Return type** Mapping

**allowed\_variables\_numbering**

Append numbers after an object name if there is not enough variation for it.

**Type** bool

**ambiguous\_instructions**

When True, in the game objective, objects of interest might be refer to by their type or adjective rather than full name.

**Type** bool

**blend\_descriptions**

When True, objects sharing some properties might be described in a single sentence rather than separate consecutive ones.

**Type** bool

**blend\_instructions**

When True, consecutive actions to be accomplished might be described in a single sentence rather than separate ones.

**Type** bool

**include\_adj**

When True, object names can be preceeded by an adjective.

**Type** bool

**names\_to\_exclude**

List of names the text generation should not use.

**Type** List[str]

**only\_last\_action**

When True, only the last action of a quest will be described in the generated objective.

**Type** bool

**theme**

Grammar theme's name. All \*.twg files starting with that name will be loaded.

**Type** str

**unique\_expansion**

When True, #symbol# are force to be expanded to unique text.

**Type** bool

**property uuid: str**

Generate UUID for this set of grammar options.

**Return type** str

textworld.generator.text\_grammar.**fix\_determinant**(var)

## 15.5 Knowledge Base

**class** textworld.generator.data.**KnowledgeBase**(logic, text\_grammars\_path)

Bases: object

**classmethod** default()

**classmethod** deserialize(data)

**Return type** *KnowledgeBase*

**get\_reverse\_action**(action)

**classmethod** load(target\_dir=None, logic\_path=None, grammar\_path=None)

Build a KnowledgeBase from several files (logic and text grammar).

**Parameters**

- **target\_dir** (Optional[str]) – Folder containing two subfolders: logic and text\_grammars. If provided, both logic\_path and grammar\_path are ignored.
- **logic\_path** (Optional[str]) – Folder containing \*.twl files that describe the logic of a game.
- **grammar\_path** (Optional[str]) – Folder containing \*.twg files that describe the grammar used for text generation.

**Return type** *KnowledgeBase*

**Returns** KnowledgeBase object.

**serialize()**

**Return type** str

textworld.generator.data.**create\_data\_files**(*dest='./textworld\_data', verbose=False, force=False*)

Creates grammar files in the target directory.

Will NOT overwrite files if they already exist (checked on per-file basis).

**Parameters**

- **dest** (str) – The path to the directory where to dump the data files into.
- **verbose** (bool) – Print when skipping an existing file.
- **force** (bool) – Overwrite all existing files.

## 15.5.1 Data

**container.twl**

```
# container
type c : t {
  predicates {
    open(c);
    closed(c);
    locked(c);

    in(o, c);
  }

  rules {
    lock/c  :: $at(P, r) & $at(c, r) & $in(k, I) & $match(k, c) & closed(c) ->
↳locked(c);
    unlock/c :: $at(P, r) & $at(c, r) & $in(k, I) & $match(k, c) & locked(c) ->
↳closed(c);

    open/c  :: $at(P, r) & $at(c, r) & closed(c) -> open(c);
    close/c :: $at(P, r) & $at(c, r) & open(c) -> closed(c);
  }

  reverse_rules {
    lock/c :: unlock/c;
    open/c :: close/c;
  }

  constraints {
    c1 :: open(c) & closed(c) -> fail();
    c2 :: open(c) & locked(c) -> fail();
    c3 :: closed(c) & locked(c) -> fail();
  }

  inform7 {
```

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```

type {
  kind :: "container";
  definition :: "containers are openable, lockable and fixed in place.␣
↪ containers are usually closed.";
}

predicates {
  open(c) :: "The {c} is open";
  closed(c) :: "The {c} is closed";
  locked(c) :: "The {c} is locked";

  in(o, c) :: "The {o} is in the {c}";
}

commands {
  open/c :: "open {c}" :: "opening the {c}";
  close/c :: "close {c}" :: "closing the {c}";

  lock/c :: "lock {c} with {k}" :: "locking the {c} with the {k}";
  unlock/c :: "unlock {c} with {k}" :: "unlocking the {c} with the {k}";
}
}

```

**door.twl**

```

# door
type d : t {
  predicates {
    open(d);
    closed(d);
    locked(d);

    link(r, d, r);
  }

  rules {
    lock/d :: $at(P, r) & $link(r, d, r') & $link(r', d, r) & $in(k, I) & $match(k,
↪ d) & closed(d) -> locked(d);
    unlock/d :: $at(P, r) & $link(r, d, r') & $link(r', d, r) & $in(k, I) & $match(k,
↪ d) & locked(d) -> closed(d);

    open/d :: $at(P, r) & $link(r, d, r') & $link(r', d, r) & closed(d) -> open(d)␣
↪ & free(r, r') & free(r', r);
    close/d :: $at(P, r) & $link(r, d, r') & $link(r', d, r) & open(d) & free(r, r
↪ ') & free(r', r) -> closed(d);

    examine/d :: at(P, r) & $link(r, d, r') -> at(P, r); # Nothing changes.
  }
}

```

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```

reverse_rules {
    lock/d :: unlock/d;
    open/d :: close/d;

    examine/d :: examine/d;
}

constraints {
    d1 :: open(d)    & closed(d) -> fail();
    d2 :: open(d)    & locked(d) -> fail();
    d3 :: closed(d) & locked(d) -> fail();

    # A door can't be used to link more than two rooms.
    link1 :: link(r, d, r') & link(r, d, r'') -> fail();
    link2 :: link(r, d, r') & link(r'', d, r'') -> fail();

    # There's already a door linking two rooms.
    link3 :: link(r, d, r') & link(r, d', r') -> fail();

    # There cannot be more than four doors in a room.
    too_many_doors :: link(r, d1: d, r1: r) & link(r, d2: d, r2: r) & link(r, d3: d,
↪r3: r) & link(r, d4: d, r4: r) & link(r, d5: d, r5: r) -> fail();

    # There cannot be more than four doors in a room.
    dr1 :: free(r, r1: r) & link(r, d2: d, r2: r) & link(r, d3: d, r3: r) & link(r,
↪d4: d, r4: r) & link(r, d5: d, r5: r) -> fail();
    dr2 :: free(r, r1: r) & free(r, r2: r) & link(r, d3: d, r3: r) & link(r, d4: d,
↪r4: r) & link(r, d5: d, r5: r) -> fail();
    dr3 :: free(r, r1: r) & free(r, r2: r) & free(r, r3: r) & link(r, d4: d, r4: r) &
↪link(r, d5: d, r5: r) -> fail();
    dr4 :: free(r, r1: r) & free(r, r2: r) & free(r, r3: r) & free(r, r4: r) &
↪link(r, d5: d, r5: r) -> fail();

    free1 :: link(r, d, r') & free(r, r') & closed(d) -> fail();
    free2 :: link(r, d, r') & free(r, r') & locked(d) -> fail();
}

inform7 {
    type {
        kind :: "door";
        definition :: "door is openable and lockable.";
    }

    predicates {
        open(d) :: "The {d} is open";
        closed(d) :: "The {d} is closed";
        locked(d) :: "The {d} is locked";
        link(r, d, r') :: ""; # No equivalent in Inform7.
    }

    commands {
        open/d :: "open {d}" :: "opening {d}";

```

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```

        close/d :: "close {d}" :: "closing {d}";

        unlock/d :: "unlock {d} with {k}" :: "unlocking {d} with the {k}";
        lock/d :: "lock {d} with {k}" :: "locking {d} with the {k}";

        examine/d :: "examine {d}" :: "examining {d}";
    }
}

```

**food.twl**

```

# food
type f : o {
  predicates {
    edible(f);
    eaten(f);
  }

  rules {
    eat :: in(f, I) -> eaten(f);
  }

  constraints {
    eaten1 :: eaten(f) & in(f, I) -> fail();
    eaten2 :: eaten(f) & in(f, c) -> fail();
    eaten3 :: eaten(f) & on(f, s) -> fail();
    eaten4 :: eaten(f) & at(f, r) -> fail();
  }

  inform7 {
    type {
      kind :: "food";
      definition :: "food is edible.";
    }

    predicates {
      edible(f) :: "The {f} is edible";
      eaten(f) :: "The {f} is nowhere";
    }

    commands {
      eat :: "eat {f}" :: "eating the {f}";
    }
  }
}

```

## inventory.twl

```

# Inventory
type I {
    predicates {
        in(o, I);
    }

    rules {
        inventory :: at(P, r) -> at(P, r); # Nothing changes.

        take :: $at(P, r) & at(o, r) -> in(o, I);
        drop :: $at(P, r) & in(o, I) -> at(o, r);

        take/c :: $at(P, r) & $at(c, r) & $open(c) & in(o, c) -> in(o, I);
        insert :: $at(P, r) & $at(c, r) & $open(c) & in(o, I) -> in(o, c);

        take/s :: $at(P, r) & $at(s, r) & on(o, s) -> in(o, I);
        put    :: $at(P, r) & $at(s, r) & in(o, I) -> on(o, s);

        examine/I :: in(o, I) -> in(o, I); # Nothing changes.
        examine/s :: at(P, r) & $at(s, r) & $on(o, s) -> at(P, r); # Nothing changes.
        examine/c :: at(P, r) & $at(c, r) & $open(c) & $in(o, c) -> at(P, r); # Nothing
↪ changes.
    }

    reverse_rules {
        inventory :: inventory;

        take :: drop;
        take/c :: insert;
        take/s :: put;

        examine/I :: examine/I;
        examine/s :: examine/s;
        examine/c :: examine/c;
    }

    inform7 {
        predicates {
            in(o, I) :: "The player carries the {o}";
        }

        commands {
            take :: "take {o}" :: "taking the {o}";
            drop :: "drop {o}" :: "dropping the {o}";

            take/c :: "take {o} from {c}" :: "removing the {o} from the {c}";
            insert :: "insert {o} into {c}" :: "inserting the {o} into the {c}";

            take/s :: "take {o} from {s}" :: "removing the {o} from the {s}";
            put :: "put {o} on {s}" :: "putting the {o} on the {s}";
        }
    }
}

```

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```

        inventory :: "inventory" :: "taking inventory";

        examine/I :: "examine {o}" :: "examining the {o}";
        examine/s :: "examine {o}" :: "examining the {o}";
        examine/c :: "examine {o}" :: "examining the {o}";
    }
}

```

**key.twl**

```

# key
type k : o {
    predicates {
        match(k, c);
        match(k, d);
    }

    constraints {
        k1 :: match(k, c) & match(k', c) -> fail();
        k2 :: match(k, c) & match(k, c') -> fail();
        k3 :: match(k, d) & match(k', d) -> fail();
        k4 :: match(k, d) & match(k, d') -> fail();
    }

    inform7 {
        type {
            kind :: "key";
        }

        predicates {
            match(k, c) :: "The matching key of the {c} is the {k}";
            match(k, d) :: "The matching key of the {d} is the {k}";
        }
    }
}

```

**object.twl**

```

# object
type o : t {
    constraints {
        obj1 :: in(o, I) & in(o, c) -> fail();
        obj2 :: in(o, I) & on(o, s) -> fail();
        obj3 :: in(o, I) & at(o, r) -> fail();
        obj4 :: in(o, c) & on(o, s) -> fail();
        obj5 :: in(o, c) & at(o, r) -> fail();
        obj6 :: on(o, s) & at(o, r) -> fail();
        obj7 :: at(o, r) & at(o, r') -> fail();
    }
}

```

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```
obj8 :: in(o, c) & in(o, c') -> fail();
obj9 :: on(o, s) & on(o, s') -> fail();
}

inform7 {
  type {
    kind :: "object-like";
    definition :: "object-like is portable.";
  }
}
}
```

### player.twl

```
# Player
type P {
  rules {
    look :: at(P, r) -> at(P, r); # Nothing changes.
  }

  reverse_rules {
    look :: look;
  }

  inform7 {
    commands {
      look :: "look" :: "looking";
    }
  }
}
```

### room.twl

```
# room
type r {
  predicates {
    at(P, r);
    at(t, r);

    north_of(r, r);
    west_of(r, r);

    north_of/d(r, d, r);
    west_of/d(r, d, r);

    free(r, r);

    south_of(r, r') = north_of(r', r);
    east_of(r, r') = west_of(r', r);
  }
}
```

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```

    south_of/d(r, d, r') = north_of/d(r', d, r);
    east_of/d(r, d, r') = west_of/d(r', d, r);
}

rules {
  go/north :: at(P, r) & $north_of(r', r) & $free(r, r') & $free(r', r) -> at(P, r
↪');
  go/south :: at(P, r) & $south_of(r', r) & $free(r, r') & $free(r', r) -> at(P, r
↪');
  go/east  :: at(P, r) & $east_of(r', r) & $free(r, r') & $free(r', r) -> at(P, r
↪');
  go/west  :: at(P, r) & $west_of(r', r) & $free(r, r') & $free(r', r) -> at(P, r
↪');
}

reverse_rules {
  go/north :: go/south;
  go/west  :: go/east;
}

constraints {
  r1 :: at(P, r) & at(P, r') -> fail();
  r2 :: at(s, r) & at(s, r') -> fail();
  r3 :: at(c, r) & at(c, r') -> fail();

  # An exit direction can only lead to one room.
  nav_rr1 :: north_of(r, r') & north_of(r'', r') -> fail();
  nav_rr2 :: south_of(r, r') & south_of(r'', r') -> fail();
  nav_rr3 :: east_of(r, r') & east_of(r'', r') -> fail();
  nav_rr4 :: west_of(r, r') & west_of(r'', r') -> fail();

  # Two rooms can only be connected once with each other.
  nav_rrA :: north_of(r, r') & south_of(r, r') -> fail();
  nav_rrB :: north_of(r, r') & west_of(r, r') -> fail();
  nav_rrC :: north_of(r, r') & east_of(r, r') -> fail();
  nav_rrD :: south_of(r, r') & west_of(r, r') -> fail();
  nav_rrE :: south_of(r, r') & east_of(r, r') -> fail();
  nav_rrF :: west_of(r, r') & east_of(r, r') -> fail();
}

inform7 {
  type {
    kind :: "room";
  }

  predicates {
    at(P, r) :: "The player is in {r}";
    at(t, r) :: "The {t} is in {r}";
    free(r, r') :: ""; # No equivalent in Inform7.

    north_of(r, r') :: "The {r} is mapped north of {r'}";

```

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```

    south_of(r, r') :: "The {r} is mapped south of {r'}";
    east_of(r, r') :: "The {r} is mapped east of {r'}";
    west_of(r, r') :: "The {r} is mapped west of {r'}";

    north_of/d(r, d, r') :: "South of {r} and north of {r'} is a door called {d}
→";
    south_of/d(r, d, r') :: "North of {r} and south of {r'} is a door called {d}
→";

    east_of/d(r, d, r') :: "West of {r} and east of {r'} is a door called {d}";
    west_of/d(r, d, r') :: "East of {r} and west of {r'} is a door called {d}";
  }

  commands {
    go/north :: "go north" :: "going north";
    go/south :: "go south" :: "going south";
    go/east :: "go east" :: "going east";
    go/west :: "go west" :: "going west";
  }
}

```

**supporter.twl**

```

# supporter
type s : t {
  predicates {
    on(o, s);
  }

  inform7 {
    type {
      kind :: "supporter";
      definition :: "supporters are fixed in place.";
    }

    predicates {
      on(o, s) :: "The {o} is on the {s}";
    }
  }
}

```

**thing.twl**

```
# thing
type t {
    rules {
        examine/t :: at(P, r) & $at(t, r) -> at(P, r);
    }

    reverse_rules {
        examine/t :: examine/t;
    }

    inform7 {
        type {
            kind :: "thing";
        }

        commands {
            examine/t :: "examine {t}" :: "examining the {t}";
        }
    }
}
```

## 15.6 Inform 7

**exception** `textworld.generator.inform7.world2inform7.CouldNotCompileGameError`  
 Bases: `RuntimeError`

**exception** `textworld.generator.inform7.world2inform7.TextworldInform7Warning`  
 Bases: `UserWarning`

**class** `textworld.generator.inform7.world2inform7.Inform7Game(game)`  
 Bases: `object`

**define\_inform7\_kinds()**  
 Generate Inform 7 kind definitions.

**Return type** `str`

**detect\_action(i7\_event, actions)**  
 Detect which action corresponds to a Inform7 event.

**Parameters**

- **i7\_event** (`str`) – Inform7 event detected.
- **actions** (`Iterable[Action]`) – List of action to match the Inform7 event against.

**Return type** `Optional[Action]`

**Returns** Action corresponding to the provided Inform7 event.

**gen\_commands\_from\_actions(actions)**

**Return type** `List[str]`

**gen\_source**(*seed=1234*)

Return type `str`

**gen\_source\_for\_attribute**(*attr*)

Return type `Optional[str]`

**gen\_source\_for\_attributes**(*attributes*)

Return type `str`

**gen\_source\_for\_conditions**(*conds*)

Generate Inform 7 source for winning/losing conditions.

Return type `str`

**gen\_source\_for\_map**(*src\_room*)

Return type `str`

**gen\_source\_for\_objects**(*objects*)

Return type `str`

**gen\_source\_for\_rooms**()

Return type `str`

**get\_human\_readable\_action**(*action*)

Return type `Action`

**get\_human\_readable\_fact**(*fact*)

Return type `Proposition`

**VERSION** = 1

`textworld.generator.inform7.world2inform7.compile_inform7_game`(*source, output, verbose=False*)

Return type `None`

`textworld.generator.inform7.world2inform7.generate_inform7_source`(*game, seed=1234, use\_i7\_description=False*)

Return type `str`

`textworld.generator.inform7.world2inform7.split_string`(*string, name, cutoff=200*)

**TEXTWORLD.CHALLENGES**





## TEXTWORLD.LOGIC

**class** textworld.logic.**Action**(*name, preconditions, postconditions*)

Bases: object

An action in the environment.

Create an Action.

### Parameters

- **name** (str) – The name of this action.
- **preconditions** (Iterable[*Proposition*]) – The preconditions that must hold before this action is applied.
- **postconditions** (Iterable[*Proposition*]) – The conditions that replace the preconditions once applied.

**classmethod** **deserialize**(*data*)

Return type *Action*

**format\_command**(*mapping={}*)

**inverse**(*name=None*)

Invert the direction of this action.

**Parameters** **name** (*optional*) – The new name for the inverse action.

### Returns

**Return type** An action that does the exact opposite of this one.

**classmethod** **parse**(*expr*)

Parse an action expression.

**Parameters** **expr** (str) – The string to parse, in the form `name :: [$]proposition [& [$]proposition]* -> proposition [& proposition]*`.

Return type *Action*

**serialize**()

Return type Mapping

**property added:** Collection[*textworld.logic.Proposition*]

All the new propositions being introduced by this action.

Return type Collection[*Proposition*]

**property** `all_propositions`: `Collection[textworld.logic.Proposition]`

All the pre- and post-conditions.

**Return type** `Collection[Proposition]`

**property** `removed`: `Collection[textworld.logic.Proposition]`

All the old propositions being removed by this action.

**Return type** `Collection[Proposition]`

**property** `variables`

**class** `textworld.logic.Alias`(*pattern*, *replacement*)

Bases: `object`

A shorthand predicate alias.

**expand**(*predicate*)

Expand a use of this alias into its replacement.

**Return type** `Collection[Predicate]`

**class** `textworld.logic.GameLogic`

Bases: `object`

The logic for a game (types, rules, etc.).

**classmethod** `deserialize`(*data*)

**Return type** `GameLogic`

**classmethod** `load`(*paths*)

**normalize\_rule**(*rule*)

**Return type** `Rule`

**classmethod** `parse`(*cls*, *document*)

**Return type** `GameLogic`

**serialize**()

**Return type** `str`

**class** `textworld.logic.Inform7Command`(*rule*, *command*, *event*)

Bases: `object`

Information about an Inform 7 command.

**class** `textworld.logic.Inform7Logic`

Bases: `object`

The Inform 7 bindings of a GameLogic.

**class** `textworld.logic.Inform7Predicate`(*predicate*, *source*)

Bases: `object`

Information about an Inform 7 predicate.

**class** `textworld.logic.Inform7Type`(*name*, *kind*, *definition=None*)

Bases: `object`

Information about an Inform 7 kind.

**class** textworld.logic.Placeholder(*name*, *type=None*)

Bases: object

A symbolic placeholder for a variable in a Predicate.

Create a Placeholder.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The name of this placeholder.
- **type** (*optional*) – The type of variable represented. Defaults to the name with any trailing apostrophes stripped.

**classmethod** deserialize(*data*)

**Return type** Placeholder

**classmethod** parse(*expr*)

Parse a placeholder expression.

**Parameters** **expr** (str) – The string to parse, in the form *name* or *name: type*.

**Return type** Placeholder

**serialize**()

**Return type** Mapping

**name**

**type**

**class** textworld.logic.Predicate(*name*, *parameters*)

Bases: object

A boolean-valued function over variables.

Create a Predicate.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The name of this predicate.
- **parameters** (Iterable[Placeholder]) – The symbolic arguments to this predicate.

**classmethod** deserialize(*data*)

**Return type** Predicate

**instantiate**(*mapping*)

Instantiate this predicate with the given mapping.

**Parameters** **mapping** (Mapping[Placeholder, Variable]) – A mapping from Placeholders to Variables.

**Returns**

**Return type** The instantiated Proposition with each Placeholder mapped to the corresponding Variable.

**match**(*proposition*)

Match this predicate against a concrete proposition.

**Parameters** **proposition** (*Proposition*) – The proposition to match against.

**Return type** Optional[Mapping[*Placeholder*, *Variable*]]

**Returns**

- The mapping from placeholders to variables such that `self.instantiate(mapping) == proposition`, or `None` if no
- *such mapping exists.*

**classmethod** **parse**(*expr*)

Parse a predicate expression.

**Parameters** **expr** (str) – The string to parse, in the form `name(placeholder [, placeholder]*)`.

**Return type** *Predicate*

**serialize**()

**Return type** Mapping

**substitute**(*mapping*)

Copy this predicate, substituting certain placeholders for others.

**Parameters** **mapping** (Mapping[*Placeholder*, *Placeholder*]) – A mapping from old to new placeholders.

**Return type** *Predicate*

**property names:** Collection[str]

The names of the placeholders in this predicate.

**Return type** Collection[str]

**property types:** Collection[str]

The types of the placeholders in this predicate.

**Return type** Collection[str]

**class** textworld.logic.**Proposition**(*name*, *arguments=[]*)

Bases: `mementos.core.NewBase`

An instantiated Predicate, with concrete variables for each placeholder.

Create a Proposition.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The name of the proposition.
- **arguments** (Iterable[*Variable*]) – The variables this proposition is applied to.

**classmethod** **deserialize**(*data*)

**Return type** *Proposition*

**classmethod** **parse**(*expr*)

Parse a proposition expression.

**Parameters** **expr** (str) – The string to parse, in the form `name(variable [, variable]*)`.

**Return type** *Proposition*

**serialize()**

**Return type** Mapping

**arguments**

**name**

**property names:** Collection[str]

The names of the variables in this proposition.

**Return type** Collection[str]

**signature**

**property types:** Collection[str]

The types of the variables in this proposition.

**Return type** Collection[str]

**class** textworld.logic.**Rule**(*name*, *preconditions*, *postconditions*)

Bases: object

A template for an action.

Create a Rule.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The name of this rule.
- **preconditions** (Iterable[*Predicate*]) – The preconditions that must hold before this rule is applied.
- **postconditions** (Iterable[*Predicate*]) – The conditions that replace the preconditions once applied.

**classmethod** **deserialize**(*data*)

**Return type** *Rule*

**instantiate**(*mapping*)

Instantiate this rule with the given mapping.

**Parameters** **mapping** (Mapping[*Placeholder*, *Variable*]) – A mapping from Placeholders to Variables.

**Returns**

**Return type** The instantiated Action with each Placeholder mapped to the corresponding Variable.

**inverse**(*name=None*)

Invert the direction of this rule.

**Parameters** **name** (*optional*) – The new name for the inverse rule.

**Returns**

**Return type** A rule that does the exact opposite of this one.

**match**(*action*)

Match this rule against a concrete action.

**Parameters** **action** (*Action*) – The action to match against.

**Return type** Optional[Mapping[Placeholder, Variable]]

**Returns**

- The mapping from placeholders to variables such that `self.instantiate(mapping) == action`, or `None` if no such
- *mapping exists.*

**classmethod** `parse(expr)`

Parse a rule expression.

**Parameters** `expr` (str) – The string to parse, in the form `name :: [$]predicate [& [$]predicate]* -> predicate [& predicate]*`.

**Return type** Rule

**serialize()**

**Return type** Mapping

**substitute(mapping, name=None)**

Copy this rule, substituting certain placeholders for others.

**Parameters** `mapping` (Mapping[Placeholder, Placeholder]) – A mapping from old to new placeholders.

**Return type** Rule

**property** `all_predicates: Iterable[textworld.logic.Predicate]`

All the pre- and post-conditions.

**Return type** Iterable[Predicate]

**class** `textworld.logic.Signature(name, types)`

Bases: `mementos.core.NewBase`

The type signature of a Predicate or Proposition.

Create a Signature.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The name of the proposition/predicate this signature is for.
- **types** (Iterable[str]) – The types of the parameters to the proposition/predicate.

**classmethod** `parse(expr)`

Parse a signature expression.

**Parameters** `expr` (str) – The string to parse, in the form `name(type [, type]*)`.

**Return type** Signature

**name**

**types**

**class** `textworld.logic.State(logic, facts=None)`

Bases: `object`

The current state of a world.

Create a State.

**Parameters**

- **logic** (*GameLogic*) – The logic for this state’s game.
- **facts** (*optional*) – The facts that will be true in this state.

**add\_fact**(*prop*)

Add a fact to the state.

**add\_facts**(*props*)

Add some facts to the state.

**all\_applicable\_actions**(*rules*, *mapping=None*)

Get all the rule instantiations that would be valid actions in this state.

#### Parameters

- **rules** (*Iterable[Rule]*) – The possible rules to instantiate.
- **mapping** (*optional*) – An initial mapping to start from, constraining the possible instantiations.

#### Returns

**Return type** The actions that can be instantiated from the given rules in this state.

**all\_assignments**(*rule*, *mapping=None*, *partial=False*, *allow\_partial=None*)

Find all possible placeholder assignments that would allow a rule to be instantiated in this state.

#### Parameters

- **rule** (*Rule*) – The rule to instantiate.
- **mapping** (*optional*) – An initial mapping to start from, constraining the possible instantiations.
- **partial** (*optional*) – Whether incomplete mappings, that would require new variables or propositions, are allowed.
- **allow\_partial** (*optional*) – A callback function that returns whether a partial match may involve the given placeholder.

**Return type** *Iterable[Mapping[Placeholder, Optional[Variable]]]*

#### Returns

- *The possible mappings for instantiating the rule. Partial mappings requiring new variables will have None in*
- *place of existing Variables.*

**all\_instantiations**(*rule*, *mapping=None*)

Find all possible actions that can be instantiated from a rule in this state.

#### Parameters

- **rule** (*Rule*) – The rule to instantiate.
- **mapping** (*optional*) – An initial mapping to start from, constraining the possible instantiations.

#### Returns

**Return type** The actions that can be instantiated from the rule in this state.

**apply**(*action*)

Apply an action to the state.

**Parameters** **action** (*Action*) – The action to apply.

**Returns**

**Return type** Whether the action could be applied (i.e. whether the preconditions were met)

**apply\_on\_copy**(*action*)

Apply an action to a copy of this state.

**Parameters** *action* (*Action*) – The action to apply.

**Return type** Optional[*State*]

**Returns**

- The copied state after the action has been applied or None if action
- *wasn't applicable*.

**are\_facts**(*props*)

Returns whether the propositions are all true in this state.

**Return type** bool

**copy**()

Create a copy of this state.

**Return type** *State*

**classmethod deserialize**(*data*)

Deserialize a *State* object from data.

**Return type** *State*

**facts\_with\_signature**(*sig*)

Returns all the known facts with the given signature.

**Return type** Set[*Proposition*]

**has\_variable**(*var*)

Returns whether this state is aware of the given variable.

**Return type** bool

**is\_applicable**(*action*)

Check if an action is applicable in this state (i.e. its preconditions are met).

**Return type** bool

**is\_fact**(*prop*)

Returns whether a proposition is true in this state.

**Return type** bool

**is\_sequence\_applicable**(*actions*)

Check if a sequence of actions are all applicable in this state.

**Return type** bool

**remove\_fact**(*prop*)

Remove a fact from the state.

**remove\_facts**(*props*)

Remove some facts from the state.

**serialize**()

Serialize this state.

**Return type** Sequence



**variable\_named**(*name*)

Returns the variable with the given name, if known.

Return type *Variable*

**variables\_of\_type**(*type*)

Returns all the known variables of the given type.

Return type `Set[Variable]`

**property facts:** `Iterable[textworld.logic.Proposition]`

All the facts in the current state.

Return type `Iterable[Proposition]`

**property variables:** `Iterable[textworld.logic.Variable]`

All the variables tracked by the current state.

Return type `Iterable[Variable]`

**class** `textworld.logic.Type`(*name*, *parents*)

Bases: `object`

A variable type.

**has\_subtype\_named**(*name*)

Return type `bool`

**has\_supertype\_named**(*name*)

Return type `bool`

**is\_subtype\_of**(*other*)

Return type `bool`

**is\_supertype\_of**(*other*)

Return type `bool`

**property ancestors:** `Iterable[textworld.logic.Type]`

The ancestors of this type (not including itself).

Return type `Iterable[Type]`

**property child\_types:** `Iterable[textworld.logic.Type]`

The direct children of this type.

Return type `Iterable[Type]`

**property children:** `Iterable[str]`

The names of the direct children of this type.

Return type `Iterable[str]`

**property descendants:** `Iterable[textworld.logic.Type]`

The descendants of this type (not including itself).

Return type `Iterable[Type]`

**property parent\_types:** `Iterable[textworld.logic.Type]`

The parents of this type as `Type` objects.

**Return type** Iterable[[Type](#)]

**property subtypes:** Iterable[[textworld.logic.Type](#)]

This type and its descendants.

**Return type** Iterable[[Type](#)]

**property supertypes:** Iterable[[textworld.logic.Type](#)]

This type and its ancestors.

**Return type** Iterable[[Type](#)]

**class** textworld.logic.TypeHierarchy

Bases: object

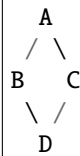
A hierarchy of types.

**add**(*type*)

**closure**(*type*, *expand*)

Compute the transitive closure in a type lattice according to some type relationship (generally direct sub-/super-types).

Such a lattice may look something like this:



so the closure of D would be something like [B, C, A].

**Return type** Iterable[[Type](#)]

**get**(*name*)

**Return type** [Type](#)

**multi\_ancestors**(*types*)

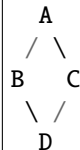
Compute the ancestral closure of a sequence of types. If these are the types of some variables, the result will be all the function parameter types that could also accept those variables.

**Return type** Iterable[Collection[[Type](#)]]

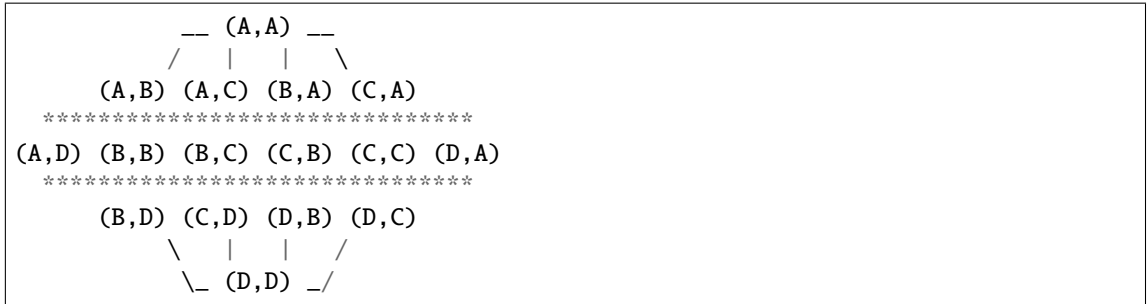
**multi\_closure**(*types*, *expand*)

Compute the transitive closure of a sequence of types in a type lattice induced by some per-type relationship (generally direct sub-/super-types).

For a single type, such a lattice may look something like this:



so the closure of D would be something like [B, C, A]. For multiple types at once, the lattice is more complicated:



**Return type** `Iterable[Collection[Type]]`

**multi\_descendants**(*types*)

Compute the descendant closure of a sequence of types. If these are the types of some function parameters, the result will be all the variable types that could also be passed to this function.

**Return type** `Iterable[Collection[Type]]`

**multi\_subtypes**(*types*)

Computes the descendant closure of a sequence of types, including the initial types.

**Return type** `List[Collection[Type]]`

**multi\_supertypes**(*types*)

Computes the ancestral closure of a sequence of types, including the initial types.

**Return type** `Iterable[Collection[Type]]`

**class** `textworld.logic.Variable`(*name*, *type*=None)

Bases: `object`

A variable representing an object in a world.

Create a Variable.

**Parameters**

- **name** (`str`) – The (unique) name of the variable.
- **type** (*optional*) – The type of the variable. Defaults to the same as the name.

**classmethod** `deserialize`(*data*)

**Return type** `Variable`

**is\_a**(*type*)

**Return type** `bool`

**classmethod** `parse`(*expr*)

Parse a variable expression.

**Parameters** **expr** (`str`) – The string to parse, in the form `name` or `name: type`.

**Return type** `Variable`

**serialize**()

**Return type** `Mapping`

```
name
type
class textworld.logic.model.ActionNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    name = None
    postconditions = None
    preconditions = None
class textworld.logic.model.ActionPreconditionNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    condition = None
    preserve = None
class textworld.logic.model.AliasNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    lhs = None
    rhs = None
class textworld.logic.model.ConstraintsNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    constraints = None
class textworld.logic.model.DocumentNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    types = None
class textworld.logic.model.GameLogicModelBuilderSemantics(context=None, types=None)
    Bases: tatsu.semantics.ModelBuilderSemantics
class textworld.logic.model.Inform7CodeNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    code = None
class textworld.logic.model.Inform7CommandNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    command = None
    event = None
    rule = None
class textworld.logic.model.Inform7CommandsNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    commands = None
class textworld.logic.model.Inform7Node(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    parts = None
class textworld.logic.model.Inform7PredicateNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    predicate = None
```

```
    source = None

class textworld.logic.model.Inform7PredicatesNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    predicates = None

class textworld.logic.model.Inform7TypeNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    definition = None
    kind = None

class textworld.logic.model.ModelBase(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: tatsu.objectmodel.Node

class textworld.logic.model.PlaceholderNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    name = None
    type = None

class textworld.logic.model.PredicateNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    name = None
    parameters = None

class textworld.logic.model.PredicatesNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    predicates = None

class textworld.logic.model.PropositionNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    arguments = None
    name = None

class textworld.logic.model.ReverseRuleNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    lhs = None
    rhs = None

class textworld.logic.model.ReverseRulesNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    reverse_rules = None

class textworld.logic.model.RuleNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    name = None
    postconditions = None
    preconditions = None

class textworld.logic.model.RulePreconditionNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    condition = None
```

```
    preserve = None

class textworld.logic.model.RulesNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    rules = None

class textworld.logic.model.SignatureNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    name = None
    types = None

class textworld.logic.model.TypeNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    name = None
    parts = None
    supertypes = None

class textworld.logic.model.VariableNode(ctx=None, ast=None, parseinfo=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: textworld.logic.model.ModelBase
    name = None
    type = None

class textworld.logic.parser.GameLogicBuffer(text, whitespace=None, nameguard=None,
                                              comments_re=None, eol_comments_re='#.*$',
                                              ignorecase=None, namechars="", **kwargs)
    Bases: tatsu.buffering.Buffer

class textworld.logic.parser.GameLogicParser(whitespace=None, nameguard=None,
                                              comments_re=None, eol_comments_re='#.*$',
                                              ignorecase=None, left_recursion=True, parseinfo=True,
                                              keywords=None, namechars="", buffer_class=<class
                                              'textworld.logic.parser.GameLogicBuffer'>, **kwargs)
    Bases: tatsu.parsing.Parser

class textworld.logic.parser.GameLogicSemantics
    Bases: object
    action(ast)
    actionPrecondition(ast)
    alias(ast)
    constraints(ast)
    document(ast)
    inform7(ast)
    inform7Code(ast)
    inform7Command(ast)
    inform7Commands(ast)
    inform7Part(ast)
    inform7Predicate(ast)
```

**inform7Predicates**(*ast*)  
**inform7Type**(*ast*)  
**name**(*ast*)  
**onlyAction**(*ast*)  
**onlyPlaceholder**(*ast*)  
**onlyPredicate**(*ast*)  
**onlyProposition**(*ast*)  
**onlyRule**(*ast*)  
**onlySignature**(*ast*)  
**onlyVariable**(*ast*)  
**phName**(*ast*)  
**placeholder**(*ast*)  
**predName**(*ast*)  
**predicate**(*ast*)  
**predicateDecls**(*ast*)  
**predicates**(*ast*)  
**proposition**(*ast*)  
**reverseRule**(*ast*)  
**reverseRuleDecls**(*ast*)  
**reverseRules**(*ast*)  
**rule**(*ast*)  
**ruleDecls**(*ast*)  
**ruleName**(*ast*)  
**rulePrecondition**(*ast*)  
**rules**(*ast*)  
**signature**(*ast*)  
**signatureOrAlias**(*ast*)  
**start**(*ast*)  
**str**(*ast*)  
**strBlock**(*ast*)  
**type**(*ast*)  
**typePart**(*ast*)  
**variable**(*ast*)  
**textworld.logic.parser.main**(*filename*, *start=None*, *\*\*kwargs*)





## TEXTWORLD.RENDER

**exception** textworld.render.render.WebdriverNotFoundError

Bases: Exception

**class** textworld.render.render.GraphItem(*type, name*)

Bases: object

**add\_content**(*content*)

**add\_unknown\_predicate**(*predicate*)

**get\_max\_depth**()

Returns the maximum nest depth of this plus all children. A container with no items has 1 depth, a container containing one item has 2 depth, a container containing a container which contains an item has 3 depth, and so on. :return: maximum nest depth

**set\_open\_closed\_locked**(*status*)

**to\_dict**()

**property infos**

**class** textworld.render.render.GraphRoom(*name, base\_room*)

Bases: object

**add\_item**(*item*)

**Return type** None

**position\_string**()

**Return type** str

textworld.render.render.concat\_images(*\*images*)

textworld.render.render.get\_webdriver(*path=None*)

Get the driver and options objects. :param path: path to browser binary. :return: driver

textworld.render.render.load\_state(*world, game\_infos=None, action=None, format='png',  
limit\_player\_view=False*)

Generates serialization of game state.

**Parameters**

- **world** (*World*) – The current state of the world to visualize.
- **game\_infos** (Optional[Dict[str, *EntityInfo*]]) – The mapping needed to get objects names.

- **action** (Optional[[Action](#)]) – If provided, highlight the world changes made by that action.
- **format** (str) – The graph output format (gv, svg, png...)
- **limit\_player\_view** (bool) – Whether to limit the player’s view (defaults to false)

**Return type** dict

**Returns** The graph generated from this World

```
textworld.render.render.load_state_from_game_state(game_state, format='png',
                                                    limit_player_view=False)
```

Generates serialization of game state.

**Parameters**

- **game\_state** ([GameState](#)) – The current game state to visualize.
- **format** (str) – The graph output format (png, svg, pdf, ...)
- **limit\_player\_view** (bool) – Whether to limit the player’s view. Default: False.

**Return type** dict

**Returns** The graph generated from this World

```
textworld.render.render.take_screenshot(url, id='world')
```

Takes a screenshot of DOM element given its id. :type url: str :param url: URL of webpage to open headlessly.  
:type id: str :param id: ID of DOM element. :return: Image object.

```
textworld.render.render.temp_viz(nodes, edges, pos, color=[])
```

```
textworld.render.render.visualize(world, interactive=False)
```

Show the current state of the world. :type world: Union[[Game](#), [State](#), [GameState](#), [World](#)] :param world:  
Object representing a game state to be visualized. :type interactive: bool :param interactive: Whether or not to  
visualize the state in the browser. :return: Image object of the visualization.

```
textworld.render.render.which(program)
```

helper to see if a program is in PATH :param program: name of program :return: path of program or None

Creates server for streamed game state

```
class textworld.render.serve.Server(game_state, port)
```

Bases: object

Visualization server. Uses Server-sent Events to update game\_state for visualization.

Note: Flask routes are defined in app.add\_url\_rule in order to call self in routes. :type game\_state: dict  
:param game\_state: game state returned from load\_state\_from\_game\_state :type port: int :param port: port to  
run visualization on

**gen()**

Our generator for listening for updating state. We poll for results to return us something. If nothing is  
returned then we just pass and keep polling. :return: yields event-stream parsed data.

**index()**

Index route (“/”). Returns HTML template processed by handlebars. :type str :return: Flask response  
object

**static listen(conn, results)**

Listener for updates. Runs on separate thread. :type conn: Connection :param conn: child connection  
from multiprocessing.Pipe. :type results: Queue :param results: thread-safe queue for results.

**start(child\_conn)**

Starts the WSGI server and listen for updates on a separate thread.

**Parameters** `child_conn` (Connection) – Child connection from multiprocessing.Pipe.

**subscribe()**

Our Server-sent Event stream route. :return: A stream

**update\_subscribers**(*game\_state*)

Updates all subscribers and updates their data. This is for multiple subscribers on the visualization service.

:type game\_state: dict :param game\_state: parsed game\_state from load\_state\_from\_game\_state

**class** textworld.render.serve.**ServerSentEvent**(*data*)

Bases: object

Object helper to parse dict into SSE data. :type data: any :param data: data to pass to SSE

**encode()**

**class** textworld.render.serve.**SupressStdStreams**

Bases: object

for surpressing std.out streams

**class** textworld.render.serve.**VisualizationService**(*game\_state*, *open\_automatically*)

Bases: object

Server for visualization.

We instantiate a new process for our flask server, so our game can send updates to the server. The server instantiates new gevent Queues for every connection.

**start**(*parent\_thread*, *port*)

Start visualization server on a new process. :type parent\_thread: Thread :param parent\_thread: the parent thread that called start. :type port: int :param port: Port to run visualization on.

**Return type** None

**start\_server**(*game\_state*, *port*, *child\_conn*)

function for starting new server on new process. :type game\_state: dict :param game\_state: initial game state from load :type port: int :param port: port to run server :type child\_conn: Connection :param child\_conn: child connection from multiprocessing.Pipe

**stop\_server()**

**update\_state**(*game\_state*, *command*)

Propagate state update to server. We use a multiprocessing.Pipe to pass state into flask process. :type game\_state: [GameState](#) :param game\_state: Glulx game state. :type command: str :param command: previous command

textworld.render.serve.**find\_free\_port**(*port\_range*)

textworld.render.serve.**get\_html\_template**(*game\_state=None*)



## TEXTWORLD.UTILS

**class** textworld.utils.**RandomGenerator**(*seed=None*)

Bases: object

Random generator controlling the games generation.

**next**()

Start a new random generator using a new seed.

**set\_seed**(*seed*)

**property** seed

**class** textworld.utils.**RegexDict**

Bases: collections.OrderedDict

Ordered dictionary that supports querying with regex.

### References

Adapted from <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21024822/python-accessing-dictionary-with-wildcards>.

**get\_matching**(\**regexes*, *exclude=[]*)

Query the dictionary using one or several regular expressions.

#### Parameters

- **\*regexes** – List of regular expressions determining which keys of this dictionary are relevant to this query.
- **exclude** (List[str]) – List of regular expressions determining which keys of this dictionary should be excluded from this query.

**Return type** List[Any]

**Returns** The value associated to each relevant (and not excluded) keys.

textworld.utils.**check\_modules**(*required\_modules*, *missing\_modules*)

Check whether some required modules are missing.

textworld.utils.**chunk**(*iterable*, *n*, *fct*=<function <lambda>>)

**Return type** Iterable[Iterable]

textworld.utils.**encode\_seeds**(*seeds*)

Generate UID from a list of seeds.

textworld.utils.**make\_temp\_directory**(*suffix*='', *prefix*='tw\_', *dir*=None)

Create temporary folder to used in a with statement.

`textworld.utils.maybe_mkdir(dirpath)`

Create all parent folders if needed.

`textworld.utils.save_graph_to_svg(G, labels, filename, backward=False)`

Generate a figure of a networkx's graph object and save it.

`textworld.utils.str2bool(v)`

Convert string to a boolean value. .. rubric:: References

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/715417/converting-from-a-string-to-boolean-in-python/715468#715468>

`textworld.utils.take(n, iterable)`

Return first n items of the iterable as a list.

### References

<https://docs.python.org/3/library/itertools.html#itertools-recipes>

**Return type** Iterable

`textworld.utils.unique_product(*iterables)`

Cartesian product of input iterables with pruning.

This method prunes any product tuple with duplicate elements in it.

### Example

`unique_product('ABC', 'Ax', 'xy') → Axy BAx BAy Bxy CAx CAy Cxy`

### Notes

This method is faster than the following equivalent code:

```
>>> for result in itertools.product(*args):
>>>     if len(set(result)) == len(result):
>>>         yield result
```

`textworld.utils.uniquify(seq)`

Order preserving uniquify.

### References

Made by Dave Kirby <https://www.peterbe.com/plog/uniquifiers-benchmark>

`textworld.utils.g_rng = <textworld.utils.RandomGenerator object>`

Global random generator.

## INDICES AND TABLES

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`





## BIBLIOGRAPHY

[Parisotto2017] Emilio Parisotto and Ruslan Salakhutdinov. Neural map: Structured memory for deep reinforcement learning. arXiv:1702.08360, 2017.



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